

# Maclean's

1988:  
THE YEAR IN  
PICTURES

## TRIUMPH AND TRAGEDY



**Mikhail Gorbachev's Historic Diplomacy  
Earthquake Terror In Armenia**





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# Maclean's

CANADA'S WEEKLY NEWSMAGAZINE DECEMBER 19, 1995 VOL. 101 NO. 22

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At home, Canadiana debated the Free Trade Agreement and gave the Tories their second consecutive majority; Calgary hosted the Winter Olympics with style and efficiency. Abroad, Iraq used chemical gas in its war with Iran, but later the two nations ended their costly war; In South Korea, rioting students killed police and Canadian sprinter Ben Johnson saw his victory turn to ashes at the Seoul Olympics because of alleged steroid use.

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## WORLD/COVER

### TRIUMPH AND TRAGEDY



At the UN General Assembly in New York last week, Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev scored a diplomatic coup when he made several far-reaching proposals, including a unilateral 10-per-cent cut in Soviet conventional forces. But even so he spoke, Soviet Americans were digging out from the wreckage caused by an earthquake that may have taken tens of thousands of lives.

— 36

## IMAGES OF 1995

### THE YEAR OF THE PEACEMAKERS

In a year when ceasefire orders came to several war fronts, Cold War animosity was replaced by steps toward disarmament and United Nations peacekeeping troops won the Nobel Peace Prize, and the world seemed to be heading for a less-dangerous transition into the 21st century. — 32



## HOLIDAY FILMS

### TINSEL CLOWNS

The big studios are attempting to attract moviegoers with comedy in the holiday season. Hollywood's Christmas list is dominated by outlandish farces about grown men enjoying adolescent fantasies. Whirling Gert breaks the trend. Focusing on women and designed for a sophisticated, sly audience, the movie promises to launch Melissa Griffith as a major star.

— 44







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## LETTERS

### NO SYMPATHY

I thought I had heard the last of Ron Johnson, but to and behold, another article about his shameful use of drug steroids in the Seoul Olympics ("Bea's new challenges," Sports, Nov. 21). Haven't we heard enough about his drug usage? I feel no sympathy for him whatsoever and I feel that his irresponsible behavior should be forgotten.

Alexander Long,  
Toronto

### YESTERDAY'S NEWS

How many other Canadians received, as I did, the *Marathon's* special issue on free trade (Nov. 21) the day after the election? Unfortunately, because it was a single-issue election, people wanted to be as informed as possible before the vote. For anyone counting on *Marathon's* to provide an useful, excellent, unbiased presentation of the issue, it was somewhat akin to receiving *Marathon's* newspaper.

Joanne Rank,  
Westhatch Station, N.S.

### 'AN EMOTIONAL BUNCH'

I am a patriotic Canadian first and a supporter of the Free Trade Agreement second—and I take exception to Allan Rock's column ("The high emotion of free trade," Nov. 14). It is surprising that supporters of free trade are emotional and do not understand the country? For the proponents of the agreement, the end goal is not the free trade, but a healthy, growing economy. I think that if Canadians look at who supported the deal, they will find that the majority was an emotional and parrotic bunch.

Peter Martindale,  
Caledonia, B.C.

Ever though on the odd occasion I have wanted to skip him because of usage comments, I have always admired Pedergnigh's brilliance with words. After reading "The high emotion of free trade," I wanted to hug him. He has expressed so well why a true Canadian couldn't approve of the Free Trade Agreement.

Marie Chapman,  
Ottawa

### CHOKING TRADE

As a citizen of New Hampshire, I was amazed to read "But if the provinces do not consent, Ottawa would proceed with its own sales tax, at a probable rate of nine per cent..." ("Question in the background," Cover, Nov. 14). Since Newfoundland has a



### EXCLUSIVE CAPABILITY

A recent *Opening Notes* item, "Breakfast for champions" (Nov. 14), dealt with light eggs. One is left wondering whether this health-conscious meal would feature eggs or chicken as the specially fed chickens mentioned are described as "hatching" low-cholesterol eggs, not laying them. It would be fair to suggest that *Breakfast Notes* would be more inclined to employ mechanical incubators for hatching the eggs, allowing the hens to get on with their more exclusive capability of laying these specialty items.

John D. Roberts,  
Noremba, B.C.

### ELECTION GARBLE

Now that the election glibble-pabble—first-name beyond words—has died away, let me congratulate Peter C. Newman for his essay "Superstition a great virtue" (Nov. 21). What an article—what a pleasure to read some common sense for a change. He says it all.

Jack C. Scott,  
Windsor, Ont.

Letters are edited and may be condensed. Writers should supply names, addresses and telephone numbers. Most correspondence is to the editor. *Marathon's* magazine, 440 Speer Road, Scarborough, Ont. M1E 1Y1.

### Johnson: unsportsmanlike behavior

sales tax of 92 per cent, people there would have to pay a total of 21 per cent for each sale. New Hampshire states five without a sales tax and with an unemployment rate of about 14 per cent. A sales tax of up to 21 per cent would double all trade.

David Durkin,  
Charlottesville, N.N.

## PASSAGES

**CHARGES:** Television giant Jim Bakker, 42, with delinquent contributions to his PTL ministry of more than \$4 million for his personal use by a federal grand jury in Charlotte, N.C. After a 14-month investigation, the jury indicted Bakker and Richard Dortch, 57, a former PTL senior vice-president with 24 months of bail bond, more fraud and conspiracy in the conducting of fund-raising appeals. Bakker resigned as director as PTL president in March, 1987, after identifying in a 1984 record conference with church secretary Jessica Hahn, his wife, Tammy Faye, while in prison for the investigation, was not indicted. It occurred, Bakker faces up to 120 years in prison and fines of up to \$7 million.



**AMBIGUITY:** To Canadian lawyer John Humphrey, 82, a special on human rights solutions to mark the 40th anniversary of the UN's adoption of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, a landmark document that he helped to write.

**DEED:** Former newspaperman Dennis Bradburn, 74, whose controversial views gripped Toronto newspapers for more than 40 years after he retired in 1985, of a heart attack at his Ontario, Ont., home.

**DEED:** The late Bradburn, 71, the Harvard University business professor who became the last chairman of RCA Corp., of a stroke, as hospital near his New York City home. In 1981, he took over then-headliner of RCA and, as last years, retained its profitability and that of its subsidiary, the

800 television network, making him to sell the operation to General Electric Co. for \$7.5 billion.

**DEED:** Ray Tash, 96, for 50 years Canada's longest personal cameraman, who filmed many of the country's major events for the cinema newspapers that used to produce feature films in Toronto.

**BORN:** A 61st son, Lord Downpatrick, who is 19th in line to the throne, to Newfound-born Sylvia's Downpatrick, 31, and her husband, the Earl of St. Andrews, 20.

**SENTENCE:** Prince Edward Island's new Leader James Mayne, 38, to three days in prison and a \$1,000 fine, for refusing to take a lunch/dayer test, in Summerside.

# OPENING NOTES

Karen Kain reveals all, John Turner disbands his team, and Dan McKenzie prepares for a hotter climate

## JUST THE BARE FACTS

When 650 friends and admirers of Karen Kain gathered in Toronto last month to honor her 30-year career at the National Ballet of Canada, the compliments flowed as freely as the champagne. Among those paying tribute were fellow dancer French Augustyn and John Fraser, author of *Saturday Night magazine*. Augustyn introduced himself as "the guy who stands behind Kain while she dances," while Fraser praised the ballerina's grace and beauty. It should be noted that neither man mentioned a memorable interview that took place in Jamaica in 1995. Fraser had flown down to interview Kain and Augustyn for a book that he was writing. Shortly after his arrival, Kain told Fraser that she and her partner were on their way to a nude beach—and invited him to interview them there. Fraser recalled that he was happy to tag along with "the two most perfect bodies in the world." Still, he had one complaint: he conducted the two-hour interview while lying on his stomach. Said Fraser: "I got a very awkward bottom for my troubles."

Kain, Augustyn: a chance to accompany two 'perfect bodies'



## The bitter fruits of defeat

As the Liberals prepare for another term in opposition, many of John Turner's key advisers are seeing an opportunity to jump ship. Among them is former policy adviser Robert Jacobson, who is also a public relations professor at Carleton University, a ready to resume writing and editing several books. Turner's deputy principal secretary in Quebec, Joe Serech, is about to return to his Montreal law practice. And press secretary Ray Bond, who has been mulling over his future during a vacation in Hawaii, is expected to discuss the subject with Turner at an Ottawa lunch this week. Meanwhile, deputy principal secretary Douglas Kirkpatrick, who plans to leave on Feb. 1, is



Bond mulling over his future in Hawaii

considering several options—including returning to work for Ontario Premier David Peterson. Only principal secretary Peter Connolly has no issue with Turner: he has agreed to stay as long as the leader himself stays down. The package is also on the long list.

## A NEW DUCK ON THE SHELF

Those who like their wines sweet and dry will soon have a new product to choose from. After winning a seven-year legal battle with André Wine recently, St. John's, Nfld.'s entrepreneur Donald Desley is planning to launch his white sparkling wine, Nouvelle Duck, in 1998. Lawyers for André Wine, which produces Ruby Duck, had argued that the glass winery held exclusive Canadian rights to the duck connotation. But a Federal Court of Appeal disagreed, upholding Desley's right to market a similarly named wine. Now he can get quacking.

## KEEPING UP APPEARANCES

When Nancy Reagan became co-host of ABC's popular nightly broadcast, *Let's Make a Night*, she was the first woman of her kind to be named "The team you trust" in the ads, which include such actresses as Jane Fonda, Bette Midler, and Shirley Temple. Reagan was the first woman to be named "The team you trust" in the ads, which include such actresses as Jane Fonda, Bette Midler, and Shirley Temple.



Murphy, Reagan, Wright's first and a question of success

the reason, he was standing during the ad photosession while she was perched on a stool. A local national magazine, *Post*, said that Murphy had stood on "half a dozen phone books to look taller than Nancy" in fact, Murphy and Reagan, the daughter of former Nova Scotia premier Gerald Regan, are the same height—five feet, eight inches—Fonda

admits acknowledging that the magazine's captioning was a bit misleading. They said that it began when the broadcaster took Bentley to talk for publishing of the record American made by Diana, Princess of Wales, on a visit to Halifax in 1983. MacIntyre never forget.



McKenzie at news conference prospects

## Retiring to the sun

Dan McKenzie's 16-year career on the Tory back benches ended earlier this year when he decided to run in last month's federal election. And last July, Prime Minister Jean Charest's victory forced the veteran MP to resign. McKenzie had spent most of his career as a member of parliament, but he was also a frequent critic of the government's economic policies. He was also a frequent critic of the government's economic policies. He was also a frequent critic of the government's economic policies.

## CONTROVERSY ON THE COAST

Two Canadians who now live in New York City have won a contract to create a \$100-million monument in Los Angeles, intended to rival the Statue of Liberty. But their prize-winning design has drawn local criticism from city residents. Last week, local critics were comparing the arrangement of beams and girders to a giant grasshopper, a futuristic oil rig and a highway that has just blown up. Defending their design, former Montrealer Lisa Anne Couture, 26, and Egyptian-born Ned Roubil, 30, said that the jumble of geometrical metal shapes reflected the sprawling diversity of the city. In fact, the privately financed monument will spread above four lanes of the busy Hollywood Freeway as the ultimate overpass.

## WAITING FOR THE CHIEF

A commissioner of the Canadian Football League for the past six years, Doug Mitchell was released to speculate for his new job. But he did not appear for a live interview on CBC's *Grey Cup Countdown*. As a result, commissioner Brian Williams was released to speculate for his new job. But he did not appear for a live interview on CBC's *Grey Cup Countdown*.



the Grey Cup parade. The following day, Mitchell, who will have custody on Jan. 1 and return to practice, but did not appear for a live interview on CBC's *Grey Cup Countdown*. As a result, commissioner Brian Williams was released to speculate for his new job. But he did not appear for a live interview on CBC's *Grey Cup Countdown*. As a result, commissioner Brian Williams was released to speculate for his new job. But he did not appear for a live interview on CBC's *Grey Cup Countdown*.



Did Czar Nicholas quibble with Carl Fabergé over the price of eggs?



## Chasing down a sour deal

BY DIANE FRANCIS

**S**pirited by Stockman from Dallas says that she hates the Vancouver Stock Exchange (VSE) and one of its trusted promoters. And little wonder. She says that she has lost her Texas home and her \$1.5 million of \$400,000 because of a tangle with Ellen Gagliardi, a businesswoman who runs a company listed on the VSE. Ever since their disagreement in the fall of 1987, Stockman has been making visits to Vancouver, trying to convince securities officials to take some action against Gagliardi. She has had some success. Since October, 1987, she has given Vancouver officials information that Gagliardi's company, North American Fine Guardian Technology Inc., was misleading the public. Said Stockman: "People in the United States don't realize that there is nobody watching the Vancouver exchange. Why don't they watch what's going on?"

Stockman, 40, met Gagliardi, 33, in February, 1985, and offered a package of oil and gas properties to another of his Vancouver-based companies, Newbury International Ventures Inc., but the deal was never completed. Their exchange officials suspended Newbury in the spring of 1987 for not complying with filing rules. But in the previous December, Stockman had told Gagliardi's North American Guardian the majority of the rights to distribute a chemical fire-retardant called CAR. Stockman says that she gave Gagliardi the option to finance the manufacture of CAR but never sold him the right to actually manufacture the product. They planned to raise funds to manufacture CAR by selling North American shares to the public as the first. In August, 1987, shares were listed for the first time and skyrocketed over the next two weeks to \$4.50 from 25 cents. The buying enthusiasm was based on Gagliardi's splendid prospects—at least according to the company's own press releases.

Around that time, Gagliardi attempted to acquire some of the world oil rights, which were already owned by Stockman. Fearing, she convinced exchange officials in October,

1987, to halt trading in the stock after she gave them documents that showed, among other things, that Gagliardi's right to distribute much less manufacture, was under dispute. Said Stockman: "The result was that Ellen missed a prime release to the public lines, acknowledging the dispute. But there was an investigation or anything into my other information."

But 10 months later, some of that information caught up with Gagliardi. Said Stockman: "I called exchange officials twice a day, long distance, and sent courier packages of documents to back up my statements. They kept losing my documents, and my phone bills looked like a war debt. By January [1988] I decided to come up to Vancouver to see what the hell was going on. Here this guy was causing me a fortune in legal bills, and the public was buying a bunch of lies."

Frustrated with exchange actions, Stockman went to the B.C. Securities Commission, a provincial regulator of securities trading. Stockman said that after months of badgering and a mounting bill for expenses, the B.C. securities investigators responded to her efforts on July 18 and forced Gagliardi's company to issue a press release "clearing" a

number of important statements. But it was clearly too little, too late. In its press release, North American Fine Guardian admitted to having made several misleading statements—the same statements that Stockman had been telling the exchange and others about for months. CAR was described as "patented" by North American, while the Guardian press release said, "CAR is the subject of patent applications in Canada, the U.S.A. and Mexico. Although the applications are in good standing, the company does not know if or when patents will issue on those applications."

The company also admitted that claims that CAR could be "blown" 800 feet were incorrect. "The actual blowing distances have been demonstrated to date at only 90 feet," the statement declared. "Some members of management feel that, under the right circumstances, this distance could be increased to 150 feet." The company also corrected statements that it had made to investors that approval for CAR from an independent testing authority, Underwriters Laboratories International, "was forthcoming." In its release, it said, "Underwriters Laboratories' procedure is to first recognize a product as having satisfied certain minimum tests. Then, management wishes to point out that it is recognition of CAR by UL (Underwriters Laboratories of Canada) that it expects to receive in the near future." Gagliardi says that North American has not yet gained because of their business disagreement. As for the misleading statements, she said, "I take full blame, but there was no intended malice, and shareholders who invested have not lost anything." As for the debate over patents, Gagliardi says that North American has a patent in the United Kingdom, which protects the product, adding that "it is my lack of complete English knowledge. Maybe I do not explain myself as well as I should."

Perhaps that problem with English also explains Gagliardi's vague description of his academic qualifications. According to the prospectus, his "bachelor education includes studies in Business Administration at the University of Colorado, Ohio." But there is no University of Colorado in Ohio. When asked about it, Gagliardi told *Money* in "I attended night courses in 1967 and 1968. A university? I was not trying to imply that. It was an academy."

Gagliardi and his North American Guardian is another shabby example of what is wrong with the Vancouver Stock Exchange. It takes credits and money before any action is taken and, even then, despite the seriousness of offenses that undermine the stock market's requirement for complete and timely disclosure of information relevant to a stock's performance, there is no meaningful punishment, no fines—not even public hearings. Stockman's saga also underscores the fact that there is an enormous lag of investigation during Sept. Neil de Galar and his staff at the B.C. Securities Commission. De Galar's reaction to the Gagliardi case: "We failed miserably in the prospectus. He's not white hot, given our resources, we have to take on things involving more significant players. I wish I could do them all but I can't."

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# THE YEAR OF THE PEACEMAKERS

Many of 1988's signposts pointed to a moderation of the old muscular ethic

**A**s a year with the world's premier peace prize, Military engineers cut modern missiles into scrap. Agencies of the economics of self-interest adopt the politics of saving. Soviet oligarchs prebend power to the people. Many of these images of 1988 carry the message that long-established patterns in personal attitudes and public action may be breaking up. Shining out of the gloom of the year's signposts point to a moderation of the muscular ethic that often guided relations between nations, among people and in the marketplace during the decade. Those portraits suggest a more sensible passage toward the 21st century. Because much—military, economic or social behavior, not to mention Olympic sports—may be going out of style.

Against the signs of change, many of the perennial, racial, religious and political hostilities left bloody stains on the year's image—in the Middle East and Northern Ireland, in Africa, Sri Lanka and South Korea. Both the bitter fight over free trade in Canada and the pugnacious U.S. election campaign were far from being merely as conservatives renewed their grip on power in both countries. But the year's battles were the peace-makers. Decisions to cease fire, or mediated agreements for peace, came to four battle zones—as the host between Iran and Iraq, in Afghanistan, in Nicaragua and in southwest Africa.

The pivotal role played by the United Nations in most of those peace-making efforts, and in others, reestablished the world body's role

tered reputation as an agent for unity among its members. That turnout received growing recognition when the Nobel Peace Prize Committee in Oslo presented its 1988 award to the army of 10,000 from 35 nations—including about 1,500 from Canada—who wear the blue berets of UN peacekeepers on the world's trouble spots.

Some people had expected that the 1988 peace prize might go jointly to Ronald Reagan and Mikhail Gorbachev, the leaders of the superpower nations that have been better losers for 40 years for building up overkill in nuclear weaponry and for military interventions within and beyond their claimed spheres of influence. The base of that expectation was the agreement—with power leaders and warring forces—of the first agreement between the superpowers to dismantle nuclear weapons rather than simply limiting additions to the arsenal.

Gorbachev, who pressed his peace initiatives abroad and reform at home in a series of diplomatic and political initiatives, was the year's major newswriter. While the United States spent most of 1988 electing a government to be installed on Jan. 20, Gorbachev overcame domestic political opposition and launched the Soviet Union on a reform path that shook the nation, its allies and its adversaries.

Throughout the year—scarcely at the midyear 1988 Communist party congress and in a reformation of his government at a late-September Central Committee meeting—Gorbachev gave substance to his words for openness and restructuring, *glasnost* and *perestroika*.

These watchwords became the slogans of dissent and change not only within the Soviet Union, but beyond. Gorbachev's appeal of people power and economic decentralization activated demands for regional sovereignty and self-government from Soviet Armenia to the Baltic republics. His resolution encouraged reformer reformers in the satellite nations of Eastern Europe. As a result, the Soviet reformer faced the new year trying both to maintain the empire for change and to contain the upheavals that it generated. It is that dilemma in the danger of backsliding which, in turn, could end back the reform movement—and still the momentum toward ending off the Cold War.



Cpl. Jeffrey Decker, Canadian peacekeeper in Cyprus



## MACLEAN'S PHOTO OF THE YEAR

The election debate on the Free Trade Agreement, Oct. 25

▲ "I happen to believe you have sold us out."

Liberal Leader John Turner

▲ "I believe that in my own modest way I am nation-building."

Prime Minister Brian Mulroney

For his part, president-elect George Bush echoed Reagan's more guarded attitude toward disarmament, at least during the U.S. election campaign. But as an October peace-through-strength speech at Fulton, Mo.—the place where Winston Churchill in 1946 delivered the "iron curtain" dividing Europe—Bush did allow that Gorbachev's motive "does not matter." And in a campaign that stressed his conservative attachments to Reaganism, Bush also reportedly made the point that his aim is to bring about "a kinder, gentler America."

But perhaps the most telling departure from the strident conservatism that has dominated Western politics in the 1980s came from Britain's Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher. The Iron Lady, whose government will complete 10 years in office in May, appealed to the party's annual conference in October to accept the importance of caring

and compassion. She called for greater efforts to protect the environment, a point repeated in a later meeting with Reagan and Bush.

The signs of a greening of attitudes on both sides of the Iron Curtain found echoes elsewhere. Among them were the electoral triumph of Patricio Aylwin in Chile, the first woman to win a national election in a Modern society, and Chile's popular vote against extending the dictatorship of Augusto Pinochet. Still, even the most promising images of 1988 are no guarantee of a worldwide future. British cosmologist Stephen Hawking, whose *A Brief History of Time* was a best-selling book for much of the year, takes a longer view. "The most immediate threat is from nuclear weapons," says Hawking. "We will need look to get through the next 200 years. But if we do, it must be because we are conducting our affairs in a more sensible way." □

## IMAGES OF 1988

# THE YEAR ABROAD

**N**atural disasters took a grisly toll in lives and livelihoods during 1988. Before the cruel earthquake in Soviet Armenia last week, Hurricane Gilbert, the most potent ever recorded in the Western Hemisphere, lashed Jamaica and other parts of the Caribbean in September, causing more than 280 deaths and an estimated \$12 billion in damage. The worst North American drought in half a century ravaged the land from the Canadian Prairies to the U.S. Southwest. The worst powerful earthquake in the Himalayas between India and Nepal since

1834 killed more than 600 people on Aug. 21. The biggest flood in Bangladesh hit in the summer and its worst cyclone in 20 years three months later together took an estimated 8,000 lives and wrecked the homes of some 25 million.

But two deadly man-made disasters also sent shocks of alarm around the world. Both events—the destruction of a civil airliner in a supposed error over the Persian Gulf and the poison gassing of civilians near the Iraqi-Iran war front—served notice anew that the uncontrolled instruments of war can be as ruthless or as wanton as a catastrophe of nature.

The 224 adults and 66 children from eight countries who died in the destruction of an Iran Air jetliner on July 3 were victims of a crisis from the U.S. warship Vincennes, which has the most advanced electronic identification equipment available. The report of a U.S. navy report sets that case of mistaken identity—circumstances of the killing of 268 people on a Korean Air Lines flight downed by a Soviet fighter plane in 1983—was a reminder of how the most sophisticated technology may be fatally misled.

Said the report, referring to the case involving the ship's weapon system: "Serious, task-failure and inconsistent disclosure of data may have played a major role in this incident." Iraq's use of chemical weapons was intentional, by its own admission, against Iran and, according to international intelligence, against suspected Kurdish civilians. The most gruesome evidence: hundreds of bodies in the Kurdish town of Halabja after a gas-bomb raid in March. "The use of chemical weapons, whether against military personnel or civilians, is absolutely forbidden by international law and is to be condemned," declared the International Red Cross in Geneva. In the same city, the UN Conference on Disarmament again discussed a long-debated plan to ban chemical weapons from the world's arsenals. Rarely has the agency for nuclear peace greater



▲ "Horrible, outrageous, disgusting. It should serve as a reminder to all countries of why chemical warfare should be banned."

**White House spokesman Martin Flanagan**

on Iraq's deadly poison gas attack against the Kurdish border village of Halabja on March 16. One of a series of 1984 chemical-warfare attacks in its war with Iran.

▲ "Taking this decision was more deadly than taking poison."

**Apartheid South African**

on Iran's July 18 acceptance of a peace plan in its eight-year war with Iraq.

◀ "The problems that remain to be solved are even more complicated than those we have solved."

**Israeli chief spokesman Abba Eban**

on the 40th anniversary of modern Israel's establishment.

◀ "We are fighting for our land. We will fight until we die."

**A crusader Palestinian leader's youth** during Israel's occupation in the West Bank village of Beit Sahur.



▲ "My personal impression of Mr. Gorbachev is that he is a serious man, seeking serious reform."

**President Ronald Reagan** after his meeting Moscow Summit meeting with Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev.

# IMAGES OF 1988



▲ "When I said I want a kinder, gentler nation, I meant it, and I mean it."

President-elect George Bush on election night Nov. 8

► "This is a burden I will carry for the rest of my life, but I took this action to defend my ship and my crew."

Capt. Will Rogers, commander of the USS *Samuel B. Roberts*, after shooting down a civilian Iranian jet on July 8 over the Persian Gulf, killing all 290 aboard



▼ "Our goal of democracy was almost reached. The army has just smashed our hopes."

Hungarian doctor Tibor Witt, treating the wounded after a Sept. 18 military coup against elected democrats who had forced three changes of government in less than two months



## INVITE A LOCAL HERO HOME FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

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They'll appreciate the fact that we take the time to brew **Upper Canada Lager**, **Dark Ale**, **True Light** and **Rebellion** to the world's highest standards. Only the purest ingredients. Only the most careful craftsmanship. No additives...no chemicals...no compromises. And now, each of our pure and natural beers is made with the finest Ontario deep well water.

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## IMAGES OF 1988



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▲ "Everything is a complete disaster. We have to build a complete new Jamaica."

Jamaican resident Grace Monte after Hurricane Gilbert caused massive damage on Sept. 12.

◀ "To gain the last victory only another step remains, and that is the fall of the Russians' puppet regime."

Alghan rebel leader Abdul Hag al-Sayid (right) during war of Afghanistan on May 15.

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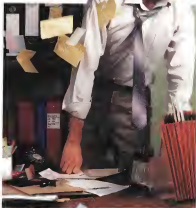
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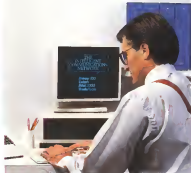


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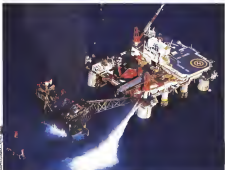


The Original Amaretto. Imported from Italy.

## IMAGES OF 1988

► "People were just running out onto the deck and leaping for their lives into the water."

Rescue helicopter pilot Patrick Thibault on the Alpha Polar at age five, July 6 in the North Sea, with the wreck of the 227 crew.



▼ "At last we are free. Democracy is back. Now, we are the ones who decide."

Santiago student Arturo Escobar celebrating Chile's 40th birthday, September 18, 1988, in the streets of Santiago, Chile, after the end of Pinochet's rule.



▲ "In the stories my father had told us over and over again, good always triumphed over evil."

Benazir Bhutto, winner of Pakistan's first free election after her father was expelled from the presidency in a 1977 military coup and later executed.

## THE YEAR AT HOME



**T**here were important matters on the year's national agenda: abortion and the high price of housing, pollution and nature land claims, immigration and tax-shedding day care, a constitution to shift federal power to the provinces. And all of those issues spill over into 1989. For one of them aroused national passions to a level previously experienced only once each generation in consumption in the Second World War, U.S. nuclear missiles in Canada, bilingualism and the battle for Quebec. In 1988, from a slow start, free trade became the only issue on the agenda that counted.

Rena before the trade treaty with the United States takes effect, it has indelibly colored life in Canada. The campaign for the Nov. 22 election culminated that gave the people's imprimatur to the deal was, in double irony, both the most American of such enterprises in Canada's history and a classically Canadian argument. Big money and its marketing of images and impressions played pivotal roles in the outcome. At the same time, tensions broke through to confound the political technocrats on both sides and leave legacies of uncertainty in both camps.

For those who said the idea for looking Canada's future more freely into the formless of the United States, there were doubts to be faced about how the trade treaty would work out in practice under rules that remain to be negotiated. For the opponents who nurtured those doubts among the majority of the electorate who cast contrary votes, there were criticisms that they are not of phase with the future—perhaps including their own, in politics. Within hours of the election and its great debate, analysts were grappling uncertainly with the fact that Canadian politics and public attitudes had undergone a fundamental realignment. That was reflected in a new conservative constituency anchored on massive support in Quebec and Alberta and reinforced by a substantial minority in Ontario.

That three-part provincial coalition of sometimes conflicting interests under a common political purpose worked twice for Brian Mulroney's Conservative



▲ "I play hockey next year—then the Olympics. I can skate faster than a zooming bullet."

Four-year-old Brian Levesque, the youngest Olympic coachhouse, with his father Gerry Joseph from A.C.

party. By itself, it provided the Tories with a House of Commons majority in 1984 and with four-fifths of its seats in 1988, the first two successive Canadian majorities won by any federal party in 35 years.

Still, the volatility of the election campaign itself and its aftermath of confusion provide contrary evidence that in politics and public opinion there are few enduring certainties. And with both sides in the free trade debate predicting that, for good or ill, the deal will bring about major changes in Canada, the topic of the year in 1988 is likely to persist as a dominant theme in national life throughout the new year and well beyond. □

◀ "We will proceed to bring greater unity and harmony and prosperity to Canada."

Prime Minister Brian Mulroney, celebrating the Nov. 27 election victory with wife Rosalind and Mark, with his daughter Caroline. In Brian Connors, Que.



# IMAGES OF 1988



## ▲ "O Canada"

After a three-month delay, the House of Commons passed the new trade legislation on Aug. 31, only to be dissolved 31 days later for a general election after the debate ended.

▲ "We have negotiated this agreement on terms that uphold the national interest and strengthen the unique fabric of Canadian society."

Prime Minister Brian Mulroney, after signing the Free Trade Agreement, Ottawa, Jan. 2, 1988.

▲ "We intend to fight across the country. We intend to fight in Parliament. We intend to fight every inch of the way."

Liberal Leader John Turner, Toronto, Jan. 2, 1988.

▲ "We will be opposing the legislation right down the route, all the way. I say to Mr. Mulroney, let him go to the people of Canada and let them decide."

New Democratic Party Leader Ed Broadbent, Ottawa, Jan. 2, 1988.



▲ "It would be beneficial for everyone involved to let me play with the Los Angeles Kings."

Wayne Gretzky, after announcing on Aug. 31 his trade from the Edmonton Oilers.



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Ron CARIOCA

A TASTE OF THE ISLANDS.



## IMAGES OF 1988

▲ "I worry about what it might do to children years from now."

*Oliver Hudson, who filed his name in 30 Minutes to Go! Que... with his wife and daughter after a worldwide live-action role-play series.*



▲ "Any proposed law would have to allow early abortion as a condition for prohibiting late abortion."

*Notable law professor Richard Dickson, on the legislative prospect left by the Supreme Court of Canada's Jan. 28 majority judgment dismissing abortion charges against Dr. Henry Morgentaler.*



▲ "It is game over for the wheat crop."

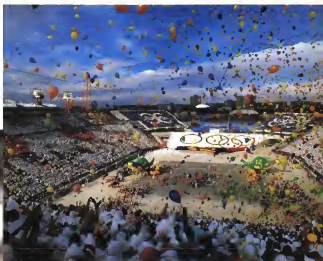
*Quinn farmer Harry McKeight in Manitoba's Red River Valley on the Prairie drought.*

# THE OLYMPIC GAMES

**F**or a time, it appeared that the 1988 Olympic Games would be the first in 20 years to escape major scandal or the disruptive impact of international politics. Since the slaughter of Israeli athletes by Arab terrorists at the 1972 Munich Summer Games, successive Olympics had been marred by major political boycotts, which seriously depleted the competition. In 1988, following the smoothly run Calgary Winter Olympics in February, the Summer Games in South Korea drew a record lineup of 368 national teams—almost 18,000 competitors—with Cuba the only noteworthy absentee. The host city's domestic political demonstrators, who bloodied the streets of Seoul before and after the Games, suspended serious protests. Even an unofficial fight and charges of a pre-Korea ban in the Olympic boxing ring failed to disrupt the run of the Games. Then, Canada's Ben Johnson created a scandal that will mark the otherwise successful Seoul Olympics as the steroids Games.

Johnson has triumph turned into disaster so swiftly and shockingly it took the Toronto reporter only 9.79 seconds to confirm his heroic status as the world's fastest human, defeating American rival Carl Lewis on the way. It took longer, but only 62 hours, for Olympic officials to find evidence of inflated artificial steroids in his urine. Strip Johnson of his gold medal and erase his world-best time from official records. Nine other Olympians, including four medalists in weightlifting and judo, were also disqualified. But it was the Johnson scandal that caught the world's attention and led to a Canadian political inquiry into the use of performance-enhancing drugs in sport, and private investigations, which concluded that as many as half or more of Olympic athletes have used such substances. The case also hastened agreement between U.S. and Soviet sports bodies to test each other's athletes for drug use during training.

The steroids controversy opened wider questions. Among those: whether it is possible to eliminate their use as long as participants are using other high-performance aids, including cash incentives from governments and sponsors. Those inducements to excel contrast the modern Olympics with the muse of whether it is any more noble to provide a professional athlete elite with personal psychologists, doctors and publicists than it once was to limit the field largely to unworldly amateurs. But it is a fact that a now a multi-billion-dollar industry, the wider issues raised by the steroids affair are unlikely to be easily resolved. □



▲ "Nobody wants the Games to end. If they lasted a month, I'd stay the whole time—that's how much fun I'm having."

*Olympics fan Mike Amerson, from Clinton, Ont., at the Calgary Winter Games*

▲ "The Stampede is nothing compared to this."

*Calgary apartment-owner Peter Smith at the Winter Olympics*

◀ "Ben, we love you, but you're guilty."

*Carol Anne Lethbridge, sister of Canada's sprinter in the Seoul Olympics, telling Ben Johnson that he has forfeited his gold medal*

◀ "I have never knowingly taken illegal drugs nor have had illegal drugs administered to me."

*Ben Johnson after his Olympics disqualification*

# IMAGES OF 1988



▲ "Every man prefers looking at a well-shaped woman rather than one who has the shape of a rubber ball."

"I like to be famous and have all the people all around watching me."

**Katarina Witt,**  
figure skating gold medalist at the  
Calgary Olympics, responding to  
criticism of her revealing costumes

▼ "If I am going to do something, I want to do it perfectly."

**Canadian skier Karen Percy,**  
winner of two Olympic bronze medals  
in the downhill and the super giant slalom



▼ "I believe Canada needs something like this, something to get the spirits up. This is going to make a lot of people happy."

**Canadian boxer Lennox Lewis**  
after winning the Olympic super-heavyweight title



▲ "It sounded like the world was caving in. There was so much love in the crowd I could have stayed out there all night."

**Canadian figure skater Elizabeth Manley,**  
of her Calgary audience, after defeating American  
Debi Thomas to win the Olympic silver medal



▲ "You have to fight the fear that the next jump could be your last."

**British-born jumper Edith (The Eagle) Edwards,**  
who inspired our in this last Olympic event



▲ "I was hurt but I read my Bible every day and found out that people are going to make accusations like that."

**American sprinter Florence Griffith-Joyner**  
winner of three gold medals and  
a silver after 19 women earlier  
disputed that publicly accused  
her of using steroids

# PEOPLE AND PATTERNS

At the altar and in outer space, in the high Arctic or Down Under, people marked a year's milestones



Wayne Gretzky and Janet Jones, Edmonton, July 18: 'We were meant to spend our lives together'



After serious setbacks and against major obstacles, America gets back into space aboard the shuttle *Discovery*; Dodgers pitching star Orel Hershiser leads Los Angeles to the baseball World Series title in October; Toronto swimmer Vicki Keith triumphs at five Great Lakes during the summer

## IMAGES OF 1988



A year for saving lives, looking back, marking time, making music: Farewell for a whale freed from Alaska pack ice; reviving the John Lennon legend in print and film; monarch-in-waiting Prince Charles, with Diana, turns 40; rising pop star Tracy Chapman in duet with Bruce Springsteen



## CELEBRATING



*I* t was the year that Barbara Ann Scott won Canada's first-ever women's shooting gold medal at the Olympics. You could buy a loaf of bread for 10 cents and an 11-room house near Toronto's High Park for \$25,000. The starting salary for an elementary school teacher was \$1,600 a year.

Canada captured another Olympic hockey championship, outscoring its opponent 10-3 in eight games.

Toronto-Canada Airlines was advertising Toronto-New York flights in just under two hours.

And on a one-block area named St. James Square, in downtown Toronto, an experiment in technical education known as the Ryerson Institute of Technology began, with 250 students, a century-old building, and programs that ranged from barbering to welding and electronics.

The year was 1948. Many things have changed in the intervening 40 years — but none more than Ryerson.



Ryerson's downtown campus is the educational choice of some 45,000 full-time and part-time students

Entering its fifth decade, Ryerson is today a full member of the Council of Ontario Universities and the educational choice of some 10,000 full-time and 30,000 part-time students who converge on a large, modern campus at the heart of Toronto's business district. It now encompasses 14 acres of land that include a community park, which is more than a symbiotic link with the building downtown neighborhood that serves as a classroom for many students.



New President Theodore Grier

"In the 43 years since it began, this institution has evolved, risen, and risen handsomely, more so any other," says President Grier, who began a five-year term in Ryerson's new presidency on September 1.

Academics evidence that change is a catalyst of 32 career-oriented degree programs offering Bachelor of Applied Arts, Bachelor of Business Management, and Bachelor of Technology degrees in the faculties of applied arts, arts, business, community services, and technology.

Included are Canada's only undergraduate degree programs in Radio and Television Arts, Fashion, Graphic Communications Management, Environmental Health, Film and Photography, and one of the country's two accredited programs in Interior Design.



Acting Vice President Academic Paul Bennett, President Theodore Grier, Project Manager John Kent, and Director of Human Resources John Kent, with members of Ryerson's governing council.

"At Ryerson, we believe that education has to anticipate the future rather than merely react to the present," says Grier. "It helps it do that, by means out, the literature long ago established external advisory committees of business and industry leaders to assist with curriculum development in each of its programs." They bring our faculty into direct contact with the world and help us distinguish between passing fads and lasting trends," Grier says.

The latest innovation is a proposed part-time degree in Child and Youth Care, specifically designed for displaced graduates of the community colleges. Grier believes such programs are needed to improve mobility within the post-secondary system and he hopes to see a range of them developed in the future.

Another early warning source for new needs is the rotating Education Division and a variety of companies to develop new education in the workplace to upgrade and train employees in new technology.

"Our mandate is to be responsive to societal needs and we take that very seriously," Grier says. "One result is that 70 percent of our graduates get jobs related to their fields of study. Another is that our placement that year at a record high and we're hard to find and secure all campus space to provide extra places in several programs."

He adds that, through all of the changes, "One of Ryerson's great, enduring strengths — and no doubt a key factor in the benefits of our

partnership with business and industry — is the extraordinary mix of studies that combines the best aspects of specialization and generalization. We have always emphasized the need for our grads to have more than a narrow job focus.

"Ryerson's commitment to a rounded education is seen in our requirement that every one of our students has to graduate with at least four full liberal studies credits outside of their professional program syllabus. We know that employers are increasingly aware of the value of liberal studies in providing an understanding of the social, cultural, and political context in which we work today."

Physically, Ryerson has grown with the demand for applied professional education. The decade of the '70s has witnessed a burgeoning commitment to added new facilities for Architectural Science and Interior Design, a multi-million dollar Centre for Advanced Technology Education (CATE), and a modern computing centre, both developed in partnership with the private sector and government, a two-story, 10,000-square-foot underground Recreation and Athletics Centre (RAC) (which includes squash courts, gymnasiums, and a fully equipped fitness centre), and a recently expanded student book-

store. And there is more growth and change to come as Ryerson programs to meet professionally relevant education into the 21st century. In the planning stages for completion in 1991 are two \$20 million projects — a three-story, 112,000-square-foot Centre for Applied Communications and Computer Science and a \$52-bed student residence.

The communications centre will be built with a combination of government and private support, providing Ryerson's Radio and Television Arts, Journalism, and Applied Computer Science programs with a teaching environment that will place the students in the forefront of communications education. Macdonald-Hunter Limited supplied a covering to teach last year when it chose Ryerson to receive one of its 10,000 endowments presented to post-secondary institutions. Ryerson endowment will be used to establish a Chair in Communications Ethics.

The Macdonald-Hunter gift exemplifies Ryerson's partnerships with more than 400 businesses and agencies in the past year alone.

Such partnerships take many forms. In recent years, IBM Canada Ltd., Northern Telecom, and Hewlett-Packard joined with Ryerson in the development and operation of CATE, which offers leading-edge courses in computer-integrated manufacturing, photo-research, holography, and computer applications for industrial managers and senior students.



Chemistry professor Muhammad Kherif in his research laboratory developed jointly by Ryerson Chemicals International Company Ltd. and the Ontario government's University Research Institute Fund.

American Telephone and Telegraph Canada Inc. provided the Faculty of Applied Arts with the largest and most advanced educational microcomputer graphics laboratory in Canada.

Stable Canada selected Ryerson's Film and Photography Department for an endowment to establish a Chair in Photography.

Spectrac, a leading U.S. supplier of mapping software, made a major contribution of software to the School of Applied Geography. And this year, Chemtech International Company Ltd. saw a partner with Ryerson and the Ontario government's University Research Institute Fund in the construction of a new chemical engineering laboratory that will be used for both teaching and applied research in the field of gas/liquid contacting process.

Grier says that, while Ryerson looks to the future, it remains conscious of "the need to guard, enhance, and build on our achievements and to remember that we are here to give our students, always, every year best."

The vast majority of Ryerson's 51,000 graduates believe their alma mater has done just that. When they were surveyed last year, 87 percent said they would choose the institution again for their undergraduate education. And more than 90 percent used their Ryerson programs as good or excellent.

Grier cautions, "One of our great benefits in the 1980s has been the acceptance of the strength of our alumni. Some of the key members of our board of governors today are alumni. Both the chairman, Jim Belluck, and vice chairman, Bill Cookman, are graduates of our business program. Many of our alumni have moved into leadership positions and are coming back to make a contribution to the Institute — and that is absolutely central to our development."

That development already extends well beyond the classroom to include an applied research capability serving business, industry, and governments through the Office of Research and Innovation, and the effective sharing of faculty expertise worldwide through the Ryerson International Development Centre, which has been involved in education projects in 25 countries since it was established in 1980.

In the area of business education, Ryerson's emphasis on the entrepreneurial spirit was reinforced this year when it was selected by the government as the site of a Centre of Interenterprise. This new venture will encourage entrepreneurship and innovation through education. It will also assist in the formation of new small businesses.

Grier describes these activities as "a natural extension of our mandate for relevant education. If

you want to be relevant you have to stay in touch with the world. Things like our advanced technology and entrepreneurship programs, several program advisory committees from business and industry applied research, and international development are our windows on the world. In the future, we'll be opening others."

## RYERSON AT A GLANCE

- a full member of the Council of Ontario Universities, the Association of Universities and Colleges of Canada, and the Association of Commonwealth Universities
- the educational choice of 10,000 full-time and 30,000 part-time students
- provides applied professional undergraduate degrees in 32 programs in Applied Arts, Arts, Business, Community Services, and the Technology
- situated in the heart of the city at the heart of downtown Toronto through external program advisory committees and formal ongoing contact with relevant businesses, industries, and service agencies
- approximately 70 percent of Ryerson graduates obtain employment in their field of study
- annually graduates the largest number of degree holders to serve Canada's retail cultural industries
- offers the widest range of Canadian undergraduate degree programs serving the voluntary and public service sector
- home to one of the largest undergraduate business degree programs in Canada
- located on an 18-acre (7.2 hectare) campus in the heart of downtown Toronto
- through one of Canada's largest continuing education divisions offers over 45 certificate programs and more than 450 courses, as well as diploma, degree and professional upgrading on a part-time basis
- home to Canada's only undergraduate degrees in Radio and Television Arts, Fashion, Graphic Communications Management, Environmental Health, Film and Photography, and one of just two such accredited programs in Interior Design
- offers students oriented opportunities for personal learning, through small class sizes, project work, and other applied learning experiences
- site of a unique Centre for Advanced Technology Education offering leading-edge courses in fibre optics, lasers, phonetics, robotics, and computer-aided manufacturing
- includes a new 55,000-square-foot Recreation and Athletics Centre, the only undergraduate facility of its kind in Canada
- planning the construction of a new Centre for Applied Communications and Computer Science and a multi-level 10,000 student, book-to-be completed in 1991



Ryerson's two-story Recreation and Athletics Centre includes a squash court, a tennis court, and a fully equipped fitness centre, and is the only undergraduate facility of its kind in Canada.



**A** Remyon marks its fourth anniversary and Winston Hunter pauses at 10th; it is appropriate to reflect on the links between our two institutions.

Like Remyon, Winston Hunter is a source of ideas. We are involved in providing education and entertainment in visual form to our customers, and in providing all visitors with a forum for free goods and services. Often the two are intertwined—as in the publishing, and broadcasting fields, both of which are governed by some set of standards within their disciplines, as in the case of advertising—our relation to the first belief that rational integrity bestows authority.

Our founder, John Byrne Maclean, was a man consumed with a passion for integrity, truth, and public service. In 1886, he launched *Canadian Owner* and other publications including *Maclean's* and *The Financial Post*, followed thereafter. Maclean's Hunter today has diversified into television, printing, and business finance. As broadcasters, operating 32 radio and television stations, and as publishers of newspapers, and more than 200 periodicals we employ hundreds of journalists and writers. Needless to say, in the last 40 years, we've seen a lot of Byrnes, just as there come through our doors.

The hands-on training graduate receives at Ryerson's School of Journalism and Radio and Television Arts prepares them for the real world of journalism. For example, in the magazine option, students produce, from start to finish, *The Ryerson Review of Journalism* – the only Canadian journal of media news produced by any Canadian university since 1964. Maclean Hunter has supported this program through funding of a three-year grant.

From more or less distant in the age of "objective journalism" is the development of the modernist critical faculties and sense of judgement. The world has truly become a global village where events are reported almost as they unfold. The journalist faces complex issues, with little time for reflection. And yet what is communicated in print and over the airwaves becomes, in effect, a first draft of history. The media play an important role in today's society, and with that role comes a significant responsibility. We must be able to trust absolutely a journalist's personal ethics and professional judgement.

To commemorate our centennial, Maclean Hunter announced earlier this year a \$3 million contribution to establish an academic chair of post-secondary education across Canada. Through one of these will endow, at present, a Chair in Communications Studies at Ryerson. The study of ethics will prepare our journalists to deal with such moral issues as the conflict between public and private behaviour, between the rights of privacy and freedom of expression, between the imperatives of profit and public service and this dialogue will be extended into the community through guest lectures and seminars. Ryerson aims to fill the Chair by the end of this year and have the candidate up and running in 1991.

The Maclellan Master Chair in Communications Ethics will give Raymond a leading role in this important field of study. It gives Maclellan Fraser an opportunity to participate in fostering journalistic excellence while investing in our own future by helping to ensure that Canada continues to produce high calibre people for the news business industry.

(Ronald W. Osborn is president and chief executive officer of Maclean Hunter Limited.)

**M**y friends are amazed by my success and how well my Symon education has served me," says Lynda Kennedy, executive vice president, marketing and communications for the Chrysler/Alcoa Convention.

One of the most influential women on the exhibition side of the movie industry, Friendly graduated from the Business program in 1979. She says the value of Bryn Mawr was not just that it combined business and academic courses.

"You were encouraged to get involved with corporations — with the real world. You were encouraged to find your way," she recalls. "The most valuable thing I learned at Lyndon was independence — to be on my own and to be confident about it."

Rice Senior is chairman, president and chief executive officer of Canada Publishing Corporation, one of the largest and most successful enterprises of its kind in the country. Also a Business graduate, he chose *Exposure* in the late 1960s, when the entrance requirement was Grade 12 (today it's Grade 13).

"I was a poor student, inclined to goof off," he says, "but Kiyeman made me a very disciplined worker. We had exceptional teachers and they took an interest in you."

Fred Van Parys, president and CEO of Leisure Second Inc., remembers his parents wanted him to be a dentist, but he was discouraged by retelling. He entered Brynson in 1959 because it was the only school there offering what he wanted — a merchandising admin-

"I would choose it again," he says today. "It was pragmatic, functional, real world." He points out that there were 25 young men in his Ignatian boarding house, all of whom are now presidents of

themselves or someone else.

These three people are representative of a large number of Ryerson graduates who have gone on to achieve remarkable success. While their reasons for choosing Ryerson may differ, all acknowledge that the education they received played a large part in their subsequent accomplishments.

and must give credit to Western educational philosophy which blends professional, professionally oriented, and liberal studies courses. The objective of this mix is to equip students with immediately employable skills as well as an understanding of the social and cultural environment in which they are expected to assume positions of leadership.

Classroom and lab work are supplemented by regular contact with businesses, service agencies, and governments to provide experience through field trips, external projects, and work placements.

Employers like Richard Sharpe, chairman and CEO of Sears Canada Inc., believe the Ryerson approach works. Sharpe says his company has been hiring Ryerson graduates "almost as long as Ryerson has been functioning."

There are more than 100 Byrnes alumni in management positions with Sears, including the current vice president of merchandise buying — a job which Sharpe describes as possibly the most significant position in the company.

"I find Ryerson graduates a superior group of people," Sharpe says. They try a little harder and dig a little deeper. Ryerson seems to teach students how to learn.

Many Kyrnos grads are also employees. One of them is leader Shury (Architecture 1952), chairman and CEO of Four Seasons Hotels Ltd. His company recruits graduates from only 10 of the more than 100 hotel schools in the world.

James E. McHugh

amount is none of the subject flow.

Sharp says four seasons' representatives visit Ryerson annually because its graduates know the practical side of business and emerge from the program "with a very upbeat and positive attitude. We have at the heart of personality, ethical values, and a sense of service—and every hotel in the chain has a good percentage of Ryerson graduates."

Jan Hollock, director of management development for Boca Systems and also a Rynance grad, adds that the Institute's downtown location "allows students to gain an excellent base of experience."

graduate/employer, says he "didn't fully appreciate the relevance of the education I'd received at Ryerson."

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**R**esearcher's specialized interest interact continuously with the external world and contribute greatly to the relevance of academic research.

The Office of Research and Innovation (ORI) co-ordinates applied research and entrepreneurial projects matching innovative expertise and facilities with the needs of business, industry, and government while affording students opportunities for professional development. ORI's Innovation Centre helps entrepreneurs bring new ideas to the marketplace.

secondary education and training helps to help strengthen institutions and public agencies across the globe and address critical problems.

The Center for Advanced Technology Education focuses on the improvement of industrial productivity and competitiveness by offering manufacturing managers, engineers, technologists and senior high-school students a curriculum encompassing computer-aided design and manufacturing, team, robotics and fiber optics, in an industrial-quality setting.

And a new Center of Interpersonalism has a mandate to teach and promote interpersonalism in partnership with the private sector.

20 or 30 years," says Dick Smith, director of management and employer-development. The reason is "they get the theory as well as a clear idea of what it's like in the business world. It's one thing to be educated, but education in the way the real world works is something else."

Michael Marshall (Interior Design 1979) is co-founder and president of Marshall Cummings and Associates, one of Canada's most highly regarded interior design firms with a client list that includes American Telephone and Telegraph, Olympic and York, IBM Canada, Sears Canada, Canadian Pacific Hotels, and the Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce.

She chose *Lyveon*, she says, "because I'm a practical person and

the hands-on approach of Rotman courses appealed to me. The most valuable things I learned were the importance of technical accuracy and working as a team in the design process. The program was hard work, and the hours were long, but it paid off very well in the end."

The future of process graduates today "because they're hands-on people. They get in and do the work and they have a tendency to be more practical and technically oriented."

Marshall sums up her own experience simply: "I gained my research work because I did not





By John M. Thompson

## TIME FOR BUSINESS AND EDUCATION TO JOIN HANDS

As new technology revolution is reshaping the way Canadians live, work, and do business. With the advent of more advanced computers and communications tools, the need for improved skills, new skills sets. These new skills and improved efficiency is increasing dramatically.

Canada's economic future depends on meeting its educational challenges. Our success will be largely determined by the availability of workers trained in advanced technology applications. However, many of our most talented and brightest workers are in question. One third of Canadian employees surveyed by the Economic Council of Canada identified a shortage of technically qualified staff as a obstacle to innovation.

And according to some 200 of the country's leading business executives by the Hay Group's Leader Research Program, we will face serious qualified personnel shortages over the next five to ten years. So it's not just for the Canadian business community and educational institutions to step up to the challenge to ensure that today's and tomorrow's workers are properly prepared.

Educational institutions can provide students with the necessary skills, alert them to the opportunities technology offers, and prepare them for the constant change that accompanies new technologies. Technical graduates need to be systems oriented professionals skilled in learning new specifications at technology centres.

On the other hand, specialists going into general business or a other fields need to know how to use computer tools as well as understand the development, implementation, and management of computer resources.

Both technical and business professionals must be able to communicate effectively in a strong interpersonal and leadership qualities, and the ability to adapt to change.

At IBM Canada Ltd., we've recognized the need for on-going education. Our annual education budget is the equivalent of the budget for actual to real need university last year alone, we spend \$20 million on educational courses for our employees and customers.

We have also worked with Canadian universities including Ryerson, over the past several years in a variety of co-operative projects aimed at improving productivity and the quality of education through the use of computer technology.

Since 1982, we have participated in 23 such projects in which we have donated over 350,000 hours of equipment and services. To increase training effectiveness, business and educational institutions must work together. This is the heart behind the training programs that we are conducting with Ryerson. These include: use of individualized learning; employees are learning new skills in classroom training at Ryerson so that they can learn the much more expanding software development skills Toronto. We provide the course material and general direction while Ryerson provides the facilities and the instruction.

Partnerships like this will be even more important as the pace of technology continues to quicken and business change to keep pace. If Canada is to fulfil its promise as a technological and industrial leader, business, government, and education must work together to meet our common goals.

John M. Thompson is president and chief executive officer of IBM Canada Ltd.

## EVERYBODY BENEFITS AS STUDENTS LEARN IN COMMUNITY 'CLASSROOMS'

Edward Bortynsky was just a few years out of the photography program at Ryerson when he was asked to be the membership for delaware and studio facilities for professional photographers.

What he didn't know, however, was the time or expertise to turn his idea into a business. That's where his memory and his idea came to the rescue.

As a student, Bortynsky had heard of the Ryerson Business Consulting Service, a student-run operation which provides expert advice to entrepreneurs. He asked the service to prepare a business plan and conduct market research to see if his idea would work.

The 300-page report that came from was all he needed to secure investment in his idea. Today three years after he opened Toronto Image Works Limited, Bortynsky has eight employees on his payroll and is looking into expansion.

He credits Ryerson's consulting service with giving him the professional support he needed to start an investment to his proposal.

Doug McGuck, manager of the service, says, "People are amazed at what we can do for them." The service provides financial analysis, marketing and business plans, feasibility studies, bookkeeping, and consumer and commercial research, among other assistance.

McGuck looks and sounds as if he has been in the corporate world for years. But he's a marketing student at Ryerson, as are all the consultants with the service. He says they are each getting a head start on their careers, while helping a lot of small businesses to survive.

"By the time our consultants graduate, they have had the client relationships and seen some of the pitfalls of the business world," he says. "It makes them better business people in established businesses recognize that."

And, he adds, Ryerson business students pick up something more than practical knowledge — attitude.

"There's an entrepreneur and spirit here that runs all through the School of Business Management, from the faculty to the students," McGuck points out. "And with the practical experience we get at Ryerson, a lot of our students want to start their own businesses when they leave school."

Ryerson's philosophy of providing more than the basics takes many students beyond the lecture hall and into the real community. Faculty and students in the Early Childhood Education (ECE) program, for example, have been taking that sense of community to new levels. The program is earning an international reputation for its innovation and expertise, and has found itself the subject of inquiries from Africa, China, and India.

A current example proper in the establishment of a laboratory school — modelled on Ryerson's — at the Women's Polytechnical Institute in Jaipur, India.

One reason Ryerson is attracting this attention is its practicality, embodied in its very motto with the community ECE runs two of the best day-care centres in Toronto, providing on-site experience for ECE students.

In addition, the School arranges



field work for its students in facilities such as hospitals, movie studios and drug treatment centres, as well as daycare centres. ECE also runs a mother's community facility in Toronto's Scarborough, providing services such as emergency child care and practical instruction.

"There's an attitude of service that runs through our faculty and staff," says Dennis Wilkins, director of the Early Childhood Education program. "It's part of what makes Ryerson unique among post-secondary institutions — that tradition of applied knowledge."

Similarly, Ryerson's Schools of Social Work and Marketing rely heavily on professional experience as a teaching tool, placing them in direct contact with agencies and businesses.

"The agencies use our grads," says Sheila Reid, director of Social Work. "They tell us that after our program, our students can walk in and pick up the job right away."

Fourth-year Nursing students spend up to three days a week in hospitals and clinics, performing the day-to-day duties they'll encounter on the job.

Sue Nanning, Director Sue Wilkins, "It's a very diverse environment in the city of Toronto, with 100 percent of the population born outside of Canada. You just can't teach students how to interact with all kinds of people in the classroom. There's nothing like the real world."

## EDUCATION IN THE WORKPLACE NEW OPTION FOR EAGER EMPLOYEES

Daniel Wurdie recently completed a Ryerson certificate in Human Resources Management — without ever setting foot on campus.

A senior planner at McDonnell Douglas of Canada Ltd., Wurdie is one of a growing number of people enrolled in Ryerson's Continuing Education Division courses through their workplace. In on-house programs, many of which are custom designed to help individuals working in business, industry, community services, and government keep pace with technological and economic change — at the location of their choice and at their own pace.

Wurdie says he gained increased motivation and a better understanding of management through his no-course program. "I was able to give suggestions from the supervisor's point of view. I could understand how they have to maintain and work with people," he says. "I've also found my interpersonal skills have improved."

In-house programming represents one of the fastest-growing areas in the Continuing Education Division. "Business and industry can see more education conscious today

because of rapid changes in their environment," says Milton Orlin, dean of Continuing Education. "Compensation and advancement management are part of the leverage, in view of the economic downturn in the 1980s."

On-site classes reflect the state-of-the-art approach to education that Ryerson is known as — a mixture of theoretical and applied learning experiences.

Clients include the Canadian Institute for Public Health Inspection, the Ontario Hospital Association, the Institute of Canadian Bankers (advanced program), and Manufacturers Life Insurance, which is sponsoring the development of a national education program in non-profit sector management.

Recent projects involved a productivity management course for Canada Post, strategic planning for education development at West Park Hospital, and the Division's second major contract with IBM Canada Ltd.

"We also work with training programs at a large number of cases," says Orlin, "helping to bring about cultural change and open lines of communication and employees of management and employees."

## RYERSON JOINS ONTARIO UNIVERSITIES' APPLICATION CENTRE

High school students who apply for full 1989 admission to Ryerson will find the process easier and less expensive. Beginning with the 1986-87 admission cycle, applications in Ryerson will be coordinated through the Ontario Universities' Application Centre (OUAC).

Located in Guelph, OUAC provides centralized processing of applications, offers of admission, and acceptance for the 17 universities within the Council of Ontario Universities (COU). Ryerson has been a full member of the Council since 1980 but had, until now, chosen to continue administering its own applications.

The change means that secondary school students will make applications to Ryerson on the same form they use to apply to all other universities within the COU. They will save time and money by filling out a single application form and paying only one fee. Ryerson will continue to correspond personally with admission candidates in matters not already dealt with by the Centre.



down the hierarchy." The In-House Nursing Management program, currently operating in night hospitals, is one example of the steps in the demand for management studies. Last year, 300



At Joseph Aronson Center in Toronto, more than 100 students are enrolled in the Ryerson on-site learning Management program.

enrolled in the program. This year, 1,200 are expected to sign up.

The Continuing Education Division serves the educational interests of 30,000 part-time, adult students. Courses span more than 450 subject areas that reflect individual and community needs. Students may choose from credit and professional development courses and seminars, courses leading to professional certification, more than 45 certificate programs, as well as part-time degree studies.

During discussions for the Continuing Education Division could involve the use of satellite technology to bring advanced technology programs and Ryerson. Whether the future holds through its links with business, community services, and government, the Continuing Education Division will continue to provide programming that is responsive to community needs.

Doug McGuck, right, and Edward Bortynsky, left, are business consultants.





## THE DEATH ROLL

The year left legacies in ideas and entertainment

**Jean Marchand**, 66, the former Quebec labor leader, federal cabinet minister and speaker of the Senate, at an anniversary on Aug. 28 at his summer home near Quebec City. He was one of the "three wise men" Jean Gauthier elected in 1986—with Pierre Trudieu and Gérard Pelletier—who led the struggle against Quebec separatism.



**George Grant**, 69, a philosopher who warned that modern technology was creating the human species of cancer in Halifax on Sept. 27. A university teacher at Dalhousie in Halifax, Toronto's York and at McMaster in Hamilton, his 1956 work *Lament for a Nation* argued that Canada was losing its identity to U.S. domination.



**Alan Paton**, 85, the white South African writer whose 1948 novel, *Cry, the Beloved Country*, described to the world the tragedy of racial segregation, of cancer on April 12 at his home near Durban. The book, the most successful of his four novels and several works of nonfiction, sold more than 15 million copies in 50 languages.



**Jean Gascon**, 67, Montreal-born actor-director who founded the theatrical Théâtre de l'époque in 1961, was artistic director of the Stratford, Ont., festival from 1969 to 1974 and head of theatre at Ottawa's National Arts Centre from 1977, of heart failure on April 20 in Stratford, where he had been directing *My Fair Lady*.



**Bernard Williams**, 76, British deputy treasurer who became an international celebrity through his widely distributed BBC television show, *Thinking Days* the Wednesday night, in a London hospital on July 9 after inflicting a stroke. Many put money back to mindless her limiting command to the family dog to go "Rolfies".



**Arthur Lower**, 96, the Canadian historian who often refused his compatriots for urging Americans instead of building their own self-sufficient culture, on Jan. 7 at his Kingston, Ont., home. A professor at Windsor's United College and at Queen's University in Kingston, his 1969 work *Calvary in Nation: A History of Canada* became a classic text.



**Harold (Kim) Philby**, 76, British intelligence official who defied to the Soviet Union in 1963 just before his role as a Communist spy was exposed to the public, at Moscow on May 11. In 1971, Philby won two other British double agents, Donald Maclean and Guy Burgess—both now dead—out they were suspect, enabling them to flee to the Soviet Union.



**William Canitt**, 80, the American cartoonist best known for his syndicated newspaper comic strips *Terry and the Pirates* and *Steve Canyon*, of cancer on April 30 in New York City. The terms of the two strips were fighting men whose adventures and romantic sermons gained them an avid following among viewers since during the Second World War and after.



**Mr. Col. John Blair Fawcett**, 83, the Presbyterian chaplain who was the Victoria Cross—the Commonwealth's highest military honor—for helping wounded soldiers reach Allied vessels under fire during the disastrous Canadian raid on the French port of Dieppe in August, 1942, at his home in Colborne, Ont., on May 2 after suffering from a heart ailment.



**Harriet O'Rourke**, 32, the Hollywood child actress who played the youngest member of a haunted household persecuted by ghostly spirits in the popular 1982 horror movie *Poltergeist* and in two sequels in 1986 and 1988, of an acute bowel obstruction complicated by septic shock during surgery on Feb. 3 in San Diego, Calif.



**Lucien Gardin**, 68, who as Liberal justice minister provided the Gerda Munsterger scandal in 1986 by causing the German ambassador and suspected Soviet agent in Parliament, at cancer on June 13 in Hull, Que. An inquiry found that Pierre Bédard had been a security risk while evidence developed earlier because of an affair with Munsterger.



**Christine Onassis**, 37, the much-married playgirl who was among the world's wealthiest people after inheriting the multimillion-dollar fortune of her father, Greek shipping tycoon Aristotle Onassis, of an apparent heart attack on Nov. 9 at a country club near Buenos Aires. She left one child, a three-year-old daughter, from her fourth marriage.



## Recalling a vintage year for perks

BY PETER C. NEWMAN

Looking back over the past 12 months, it was a moderately good year for business—and a vintage year for greed. Most of the economic indicators remained buoyant, but it was the corporate predators and the golden parachute-jumpers—not the entrepreneurs who create new jobs—who dominated the action. The most vicious maneuver was the strategy by Russ Johnson, the Whiting-Petroleum chief executive officer of 88 Whiting, to stage-manage a takeover of his own company by privatising it. That would have earned him an incredible \$104 million out of the prospect of owning shares worth \$1 billion within five years. That was too much for his own directors, particularly when they found out that Johnson wanted to dismantle the company and fire 680 senior employees. So they sold the company for \$287 billion to a competitive bidder, leaving an unrepentant Johnson with only a \$35-million slice of the pie.

"Gotta watch out" award of the year: Bernard Inoué lately headed Polyplex Energy & Chemical Ltd., purchased as a toasty constant of takeover fight last summer by Robert Blair's New Corp. Although Inoué had already been in and out of court for \$2 million on top of his belly aching in 1985, he cashed stock options estimated at \$50 million during the New takeover—and promptly left for Paris to enjoy the most valuable golden parachute in Canadian corporate history. Rumor says someone: Peter Allen of Star Magazine, who gave himself a 1,500-per-cent raise, to bring his 1988 compensation to \$3.8 million.

Most welcome case of the year: J. Howard Marchand, the former Deane chairman who collected \$5.3 million in compensation during 1987—while his company led off 106 employees—then stepped it all this year by collecting an extra \$8-million bonus for selling the company and its valuable energy contracts to Amoco Corp. of Chicago. The new owners expect to lay off 1,000 employees, but they at least saved some money on their CEO's salary. Donald

*In 1988, the corporate predators and the gold parachute-jumpers—not the entrepreneurs who create new jobs—dominated the action*

Stacy, the new Deane boss, gets only one-eighth of MacDonald's pay package. Least welcome at Toronto's own \$6,233-per-hour Vice President, Michael DeGroot, who last summer was granted the position's first private casino license, told the Victoria Times-College: "Politics is my passion and gaming is my business. But there is no connection between them." DeGroot, 41, is a son of a bitch. At the time, he was a bookish, quiet, somewhat socially awkward man who had married Gauthier's close family boss John Gauthier, authors Gene Munster and Jerry Cappe: report why Gauthier met in a New York City hotel with the executives of several companies looking for venture capital. Gauthier did not do it because, he concluded, "The recording industry is too dishonest."

Most disturbing trend of 1988: the increasing number of people who are turning into magpies—middle office professionals. They already had the phobias but now they are stealing job machines in their cars. One Galt, 41, a former vice president of a small and well-known American firm, the first, announced cries of Long live the President! are being heard across the land. "Roosevelt?" "That Galt is so dumb he thinks Chevrolet are dogshit needs."

chairs of Ludlow Transportation Inc., who sold voting control of the company to Galt, leaving his minority shareholders in the lurch. (The exception was his son Gary, a director and vice-president of Ludlow, who turned a \$500,000 profit selling his controlling shares just before it became evident that they would not benefit from the transaction.) The other DeGroots received \$750 million in cash for his stock, plus 12 million or shares, bringing him, as annual after-tax income of \$20.4 million in interest and dividends—even though he still owns Ludlow stock worth \$53.5 million.

Graveyard Canadian of the millennium: Donald Corrie, chairman of Principal Investments, the bankrupt Edmonton conglomerate, who paid his daughter \$288,000 out of company funds to study whether patients and spend \$300,000 out of his corporate treasury to buy a house for his grand, good friend, the beautiful young actress Patricia Richardson, 37, 600. Canadians, many of their pensioners and at least one of their blind, lost their life's savings.

The Code inquiry into the Prudential collapse quickly became a study of the dark side of capitalism, never more so than when Corrie admitted having signed statements that two of his subsidiaries had lost their entire investment in two years and experienced a \$25-million loss had made a substantial profit and experienced an "outstanding year." Confused by the contradictory evidence of his own actions, Corrie replied: "I could have been expressed better in my own words. A person not used to financial statements could see it as misleading." Amen.

"Don't cry for the World Street Journal" award to Brenda Nemes, John Turner's sister, who, when asked whether she would consider going to jail, declined with the comment: "The Prime Minister just my brother through the past grand. I don't want to be up in the Courtroom!"

The "Who met?" award of the year to James Schaefer, a former director of British Columbia's Social Credit party and campaign manager for the Social Credit Party in British Columbia, who last year was granted the position's first private casino license, told the Victoria Times-College: "Politics is my passion and gaming is my business. But there is no connection between them." DeGroot, 41, is a son of a bitch. At the time, he was a bookish, quiet, somewhat socially awkward man who had married Gauthier's close family boss John Gauthier, authors Gene Munster and Jerry Cappe: report why Gauthier met in a New York City hotel with the executives of several companies looking for venture capital. Galt did not do it because, he concluded, "The recording industry is too dishonest."

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## THE TALENT HUNT

It seems so familiar: party loyalists, business friends and cronies were packed tightly into the Rideau Centre, Que., hockey arena on the night of Nov. 23—as they had been on Sept. 4, 1984—when Brian Mulroney gave the victory speech that would cap the Conservative election victory. In 1984, many of the key players who had helped Mulroney win his first mandate occupied prime government positions as their rewards—which extracted a high price in subsequent allegations that the new administration was riddled with conflict of interest, cronyism and inefficiency. Now, having won his second consecutive mandate, Mulroney again from the daunting task of filling senior government positions that many Mulroney advisers say that for mistakes of the past will not be repeated. And one longtime Tory strategist, looking back to the old style, "It was an embarrassment—but this time it will be very different."

Indeed, by early 1987, the chaos within his government resulted in many of Mulroney's oldest associates moving from the Prime Minister's Office—ranging from senior adviser J. Alfred (Fred) Desautels, an old university classmate, Mulroney also replaced Bernard Roy as chief of staff, appointing Derek Harcourt, a highly respected career foreign service officer who quickly ingrained discipline to the PM's. But now, with Harcourt set to replace Alan Gersh as ambassador to the United States in January, Mulroney must try to choose an effective successor. Said deputy chief of staff Marjorie Leffertson, "Harvey will be hard to replace. He knew the players and the machinery and how to get things done. He restored confidence."

Conservative advisers say that Mulroney has already learned his lesson to the small group of old friends that surrounded him during the early days. As a result, they say, he is free to focus on competence, not friendship, is the hunt to replace Harvey. The list of first-termers eligible for sudden dismissal: Deputy Treasury Minister Glen Shestak, 64, a former deputy secretary to cabinet who has a reputation as a strong manager, and Rudi Morin, director of the Canadian Security Intelligence Service, regarded as a tough administrator since his appointment last year in the wake of scandals that plagued the agency. Also in the running is Norman Specter, cabinet secretary for inter-governmental relations, who now has the responsibility of ensuring that the March Lake constitutional accord—still awaiting

## HAVING WON HIS SECOND MANDATE, BRIAN MULRONEY NOW MUST FILL SOME KEY GOVERNMENT POSTS



Harvey: discipline in the PM's office

approval by two provinces—is implemented. But the real test of Mulroney's new political will could come when he sets out to make the dozens of patronage appointments that await his signature. According to Leffertson, 2,500 cabinet appointments in government boards, agencies and commissions are now vacant, or shortly will be. Included in those are the presidency of the Canadian Broadcasting Corp., which pays \$178,000 to

\$220,000 annually. President Pierre Jansu will vacate at the end of his term in July, 1989. As well, the vacancies include the five-year post of chairman of the Canada Labour Relations Board and some directors of the Atomic Energy Board. And Mulroney will clearly face the task of filling out those appointments to reward party stalwarts—including the newly defeated Tory MPs who have already started calling the Prime Minister "But, and civil service expert Nicole Morgan, a freelance writer and the author of three books on the public service. "I think the Prime Minister knows he is being stretched—and he will be very careful."

Other major appointments awaiting Mulroney's attention include two vacancies in the Supreme Court of Canada, one from Ontario and the other from Quebec. A third vacancy will likely be created next March when Mr. Justice William McKeay, 71, is expected to retire. Among the candidates being considered for the current vacancies are Mr. Justice Walter Tarnopolsky of the Supreme Court of Ontario, and Jean Louis Beaudin, a law professor at Montreal's McGill University.

Still, Mulroney faces some immediate business test seats. The Conservatives are in need for the first time since the election. The Tories also prepared their strategy for a special sitting of the House starting this week which some business will be the passage of a bill implementing the Canada-U.S. Free Trade Agreement. One business can cabinet minister's seat down to cabinet, Mulroney gave other ministers additional responsibilities which he names a new cabinet early next year. External Affairs Minister Joe Clark, who is not a lawyer, will act as public minister. Peter Stoffer, the minister of defence, will become acting solicitor general. Senator Lowell Murray, government leader in the upper house, will also handle the communications portfolio. Secretary of State Lucien Bouchard will absorb an environment minister. Supply and Services Minister Otto Jelinek will lead public works, and Frank Oberle, minister in science and technology, also will take on the forestry ministry.

But the opposition cautions also must not seek to oust the Tories in the upcoming trade talks—strategies that could frustrate the House's plan to have the vote approved by the Tories in time for its scheduled implementation in Jan. 1. The eventual passage of the agreement seemed all but assured as a result of the Tories' 178 seats—increased by one in a recent list vote—but both the Liberals and the New Democrats voted to



Tarnopolsky: Supreme Court appointments high on Mulroney's agenda

oppose it strongly in the House against the agreement. Said Liberal Leader John Turner, who led the anti-free-trade fight during the election campaign. "Although we may lose the first battle, the war is far from over." Liberal members, and Turner himself, were evasive about the question of Turner's continued leadership of the party after his second straight loss to the Conservatives. But the caucus meeting appeared to open old wounds when Liberal ranks over the controversial March Lake accord—which Turner supported despite opposition within his party. Said Liberal MP Sergio Marchi, who opposes the pact: "There is clearly a change in direction about the deal that has to be admitted."

At the same time, the 590 still showed signs of dissenters who, deflated candidates and party workers openly criticized leader Edward Broadbent and campaign strategists George McKean, William Knight and Robin Sears for what they said was an ill-conceived election strategy that did not focus on party opposition to the vote. Outside the caucus, Robert White, a vice-president of the NDP, attacked the party's free trade position in a seven-page letter to Broadbent that subsequently became public. Other high-profile members such as Howard

Pendry, former NDP premier of Manitoba and defeated federal candidate, and Stephen Lewis, former leader of the Ontario NDP, also complained openly that the party's campaign was not effective in mobilizing opposition to free trade. As a result, they said, the Liberals were able to win most of the anti-free-trade vote—and frustrate the NDP's electoral chances.

Mulroney's longer-term agenda also included a new session of Parliament, likely to begin in March, and his appointment list. With terms of office running out for many of the senior appointments made by his Liberal predecessors, he will be in a position during his second term to significantly reshape the look of the government and its agencies. Said Gordon Oshagawa, former clerk of the Privy Council and now a senior fellow at the school of business administration at the University of Western Ontario in London. "The changes will mean that we see more Mulroney men than Trudeau men." But as if they were and other appointments. Mulroney is widely expected to use confirmations—especially given the talent from corporations that entered his first term in office.

BILLY MACKENZIE and THERESA

TEDENCO with LOUIS LAFORTUNE in Ottawa

## National Notes

### PEACEKEEPING HONOR

Gp. Jeffrey Mackenzie, who is serving with United Nations Truce in Cyprus, represented 1,300 Canadian peacekeepers in a 17-state honor guard at a ceremony in Oslo, where UN Secretary General Javier Pérez de Cuellar accepted the 1983 Nobel Peace Prize medal on behalf of 14,000 soldiers on truce operations. Mackenzie, 38, with the Calgary-based Lord Strathcona's Horse Regiment, served last year on the Beirut-Syria border.

### GRAVEL, GAILY PISA

Pinetown, Montreal, Conservators in Michel Gosselin, who did not run in the Nov. 23 election, pleaded guilty to 18 charges of soliciting peddling and bribery. The Quebec court will hear sentencing arguments on Feb. 6. The charges arose from dealings with contractors and others doing business with the federal government.

### CONTRADICTION CONCLUSIONS

The airplane crash that killed 224 Americans at Concorde, Nfld., in 1985 resulted from a test costing of one of the DC-8's wings, according to two members of the Canadian Aviation Safety Board. But the other board members were a dissenting report that blamed an exhaust fire, possibly caused by an explosion, for the crash, the worst in Canadian aviation history.

### HAVEN IN CANADA

Immigration department officials said that they will likely appeal to Immigration Appeals Board decision to grant refugee status to a convicted Irish nationalist terrorist, Patrick Ward.

### ALBERTA ON TARGET

Despite a shopping oil prices and the second protest drought, Treasurer Dick Johnston said that Alberta will still balance its budget by 1991 as promised. Strong grain exports and record oil and gas exports to the United States are offsetting the practical economy, he said.

### NGO'S APPEAL

Charles Ng, who faces murder charges in the United States, will have his Nov. 29 extradition order appeal before the Alberta Court of Queen's Bench from Feb. 1 to 3. If he is extradited and convicted of alleged sex-slave killings in Colombia, Ng could face execution.

### APPROVING GAY GAMES

Resolving an earlier decision, the University of British Columbia will allow the International Gay Games to meet campus facilities during a sports and cultural festival in Vancouver in August, 1989.



## FROM THIRD WORLD DEBT TO HUMAN RIGHTS, A NEW SOVIET FOREIGN POLICY

respective diets—a proposal that the Kremlin rejected when Washington asked it earlier this year. He also called for a UN force to keep the peace following the Soviet withdrawal.

■ **Peaceful Uses of Space:** Gorbachev called the establishment of a UN world space organization to verify that weapons are not placed in orbit. He offered to incorporate within any system the Soviet controversial Kosyovskiy radar station, which the Americans claim is used for military purposes, in violation of the 1972 ABM Treaty.

**Rubins:** Overall, Gorbachev made a plea for what he called "the de-ideologizing" of relations between states. "We are not abandoning our convictions, our philosophy or traditions nor do we urge anyone to abandon theirs," he said. There, in a phrase that may indicate the extent to which Gorbachev has cast aside Marxist ideology, he added, "But neither do we have any intention to be limited by any values." As well, he suggested that the Soviet Union would no longer impose its own version of communism on its Eastern European satellites. "Freedom of choice is a universal principle that should allow for no exceptions," he declared. Similarly, he

appeared to pledge an end to the use or the threat of force as an instrument of foreign policy.

That marked departure from the past—combined with his ongoing campaign for open-



Rosie Lauder and Raisa Gorbachev: a whirlwind tour of New York

ness and restructuring in domestic and foreign affairs—could be seen as another blow to Khrushchev's conservative back base. But when Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze announced at midnight on Wednesday that Gorbachev was cutting short his trip, he sug-

gested aside questions as whether the early return was intended to head off a revolt within the Soviet hierarchy. In fact, the severity of the Armenian earthquake alone seemed to discount that possibility, and correspondents in Moscow said that they saw no signs of extra-party trouble. Still, Gorbachev's terse reductions were widely viewed as the reason for the retirement last week—officially, for health reasons—of Soviet armed forces chief of staff Marshal Sergei Akhromeyev. Akhromeyev had openly opposed unilateral reductions and, despite official denials, one well-placed Soviet source told Markov that "there can be no question" that the cuts were the cause of Akhromeyev's departure.

**Outcry:** Meanwhile, NATO officials in Brussels pointed out that, even after the unilateral cuts, the Warsaw Pact will still heavily outpace and outgun the Western alliance. Still a senior American official at NATO headquarters "They could still mount an effective surprise attack." But while estimates of the relative strength of the two alliances vary, according to the widely respected London-based International Institute for Strategic Studies the imbalance in man-made tanks—Warsaw Pact, 83,000; NATO, 22,200; artillery—Warsaw Pact, 46,800 guns, rocket launchers and heavy mortars, NATO, 13,700; combat planes—Warsaw Pact, 7,656 aircraft; NATO, 4,383; men—Warsaw Pact, 2.14 million, NATO, 2.18 million.

**Parity:** As it happened, Gorbachev made his announcement the day before NATO foreign ministers met in Brussels last Thursday to finalize the alliance's negotiating position for forthcoming conventional force reduction talks with the Warsaw Pact in Vienna. And while the NATO ministers described the Soviet cuts as promising, they continued to demand much deeper Warsaw Pact reductions. A NATO communiqué proposed that each alliance should limit itself to 20,000 tanks. That would mean a cut of 23,000 tanks by the Warsaw Pact—in addition to Gorbachev's unilateral reduction of 30,000—while NATO would have to relinquish only 2,200 tanks. The NATO statement—the result of two years of discussions within the alliance—also stipulated that no nation should be allowed to deploy more than 38 per cent of the combined European total of 40,000 tanks. That would limit the number of Soviet tanks to the region to about 12,000.

Still, despite NATO's insistence on mutual parity, many independent Western analysts claim that numbers alone can be misleading. They say that NATO has an advantage in the quality of its weaponry and communications equipment and in the motivation and training of its troops. They also point out that conven-

### MOSCOW ON THE HUDSON

East Side and West Side. Gorbachev was all around the town. As Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev toured Manhattan's landmarks on Wednesday, outcropping New Yorkers capitulated to the occasion to promote everything from a Russian edition of *Moby-Dick* to a talk called "Dubbed" the Gorbachev. "Although his 45-car motorcade caused what local officials termed 'Gorbachev' on Manhattan streets, thousands of New Yorkers lined the route in hopes of catching a glimpse of Gorbachev and his stylish wife, Raisa. And the Soviet first lady delighted residents by bringing home souvenir "I Love N.Y." T-shirts.

Gorbachev demonstrated his own keen sense of public relations, telling New Yorkers that their city is special. And he

delighted crowds on Broadway by jumping out of his 24 limousine and shaking hands across police barriers. But New York Mayor Ed Koch, clearly upset after the Gorbachev declined his offer to guide them around the city, declared, "If he's such a nice guy, how come he needs 6,000 cops to guard him?"

The Gorbachevs also appeared to have offended billions: developer Donald Trump when they turned down a dinner invitation; Trump Tower's 10th floor when they refused to move into the 10th floor office to greet the Soviet leader only to discover a Gorbachev look-alike actor instead. The visit curtailed by the devastating earthquake in Armenia the next Gorbachev left New York on Thursday—but not before taking a swift bite out of The Big Apple.

ANDREW ROBERTS with LARRY SLACK in New York City





steady wisdom holds that an overall somewhat superiority of at least 3:1 is essential for an attack to have any real chance of success. In addition, there are political considerations that may override the issue of numbers. Said Gorbachev after Jan. 26 will accomplish together. And after Jan. 26, Gorbachev told reporters, "If you wanted one word from me to describe what happened, I would use the word 'continuity'."

Last Thursday night, it what may prove to be the final news conference of his presidency, Gorbachev described Gorbachev's visit to New York City as "happy and historic." But he made it clear that—unless his successor sees things differently—there was no likelihood of a U.S. gesture to match Gorbachev's three: reductions would partly had been reached between the two sides' forces. Not, Reagan said, did he think that the cuts were sufficient to allow Washington to reduce its level of defense spending. For all the goodwill generated by Gorbachev's latest initiative, it seemed that past suspicion had not yet entirely disappeared.

**JOHN BIERMAN** is New York City editor. **ANTHONY WILSON-SMITH** is Moscow correspondent. **WILLIAM LOFTHEAD** is Washington and **PETER LEWIS** is Moscow.



"You know, I gave my wife a Philips Message Kit and a Make-Up Applicator and a Makeup Set and a Philips Lashbrush and a whole lot of other nice things, all together in this Philips Beauty Set."

My wife thinks I got it for her, but at a time like this, I really think I got it for myself."



**PHILIPS**



As well, Stephen Bastianovich, director of Soviet studies at Washington's George Washington University and International Studies, pointed out that Gorbachev had taken a risk in conveying his military commanders. He added, "It may face political problems at home unless he can show that his move has brought concessions from the West."

**Urgent:** While the reductions were almost universally applauded, they were in line with Gorbachev's urgent need to divert resources from military uses to the country's flagging economy. Experts also noted the nation's serious manpower shortage, which makes it difficult for the Soviet Union to maintain its armed forces at the present level of about five million. The manpower problem had made it likely that Moscow would propose mutual reductions at the forthcoming conventional arms talks in Vienna that Gorbachev's immediate and confident cuts had not been widely expected.

So surprising was the announcement that Reagan and Bush—who flew separately from Washington to New York City while the Soviet leader was speaking—learned of it only after their helicopters landed at Governors Island, a Coast Guard base in New York harbor. There, when the three leaders sat down to a lunch of chicken soup followed by vodka with quail-and-leek soup, Reagan told reporters that he "heartily" approved of the troop cuts. Asked for his reaction, Bush replied "I support what the President says. It's very positive." Gorbachev laughed at his own reply, calling it "one of the best answers of the year."

In fact, officials who attended the 20-hour luncheon described the atmosphere as spontaneous and cordial, with plenty of humor. But the leaders also discussed substantive issues, with the emphasis on curbing Soviet-U.S.

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Shocked survivors grope and search for victims after last week's earthquake in one mansion. "Everything crushed"

## DEATH IN THE RUINS

### ARMENIA SUFFERS A DEVASTATING QUAKE

The day began with a rare air of tranquility. After 30 months of bitter fighting between the largely Christian Armenians and Muslims of the neighboring republic of Azerbaijan, Soviet officials reported relative calm in Armenia last Wednesday morning. That suit for long. At 11:41 a.m. on Dec. 7, when the earth began to tremble, many of the 16,000 residents of the town were preparing for lunch. By the time a second tremor hit less than five minutes later, many of them—along with residents in nearby cities and towns—lay dead or dying beneath the rubble of collapsed buildings. "I heard someone crying 'Earthquake!'" recalled Nazaret Grigoryan, a survivor from Leninakan, the second-largest city in Armenia with a pre-quake population of some 250,000. "In the next moment, everything crashed—the ceiling

was falling." By week's end, as Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev issued the orders of courage, authorities officially estimated the death toll in the stricken region at between 48,000 and 49,000. As well, Deputy Foreign Minister Valentin Nikolaev told reporters in Moscow, "there are about 500,000 homeless, 12,000 have asked for medical assistance and 6,000 are in hospital." Unofficial estimates counted a heavier human cost. Either way, Soviet Armenia had suffered one of the worst natural disasters of the century.

**Debates.** In fact, Soviet officials said that it might be weeks before they could make an accurate estimate of the dead and injured at the nation's southern republic bordering Turkey and Iran. As Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev arrived from New York City to oversee the rescue effort, Soviet soldiers, hampered by a

severe shortage of heavy lifting equipment, scurried desperately through debris for survivors. "We have people screaming from beneath the ruins," Soviet government spokesman Lev Wasserscheid said 48 hours after the quake. "Every hour these screams get quieter." In one poignant incident, soldiers working under spotlights on Thursday found the bodies of more than 50 children in Leninakan's collapsed No. 9 School. Seven of eight schools in the area were destroyed, and Soviet officials said that they did not yet know how many children had died.

As a worldwide relief effort took shape, doctors and medical supplies began to arrive by Friday in Yerevan, the Armenian capital. Medicines, supplies and trucking days came from Western Europe and North America. In Ottawa, Prime Minister Brian Mulroney pledged

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But Canada would provide no more than \$50,000 in aid and offered no transport. Members of Canada's Armenian community, estimated to number 50,000 across the country, collected money and packed clothes and medicines for survivors—mostly awaiting word on whether their friends and relatives were among the lucky. "I have lots of friends over there," said Vahan Tchiklian, 25, of Toronto. "I'm sure I lost lots of them." After watching live reports of the devastation on Canadian television, Hanyan Samghasian, 38, of Whitby, Ont., said, "When you see one building collapse, it's like the whole world collapses in front of you."

**Effects:** Few areas could be more vulnerable to an earthquake's effects than the region where most of the devastation occurred—an area dotted by extinct volcanoes and geologic faults. But Soviet seismologist Igor Shorin told reporters in Moscow that last week's quake was the region's worst in almost a millennium—since a quake near Leningrad in the year 1089 destroyed the ancient Armenian capital of Ani, which was never rebuilt. In the same region, a major quake in 1667 killed an estimated 83,000 people.

But the magnitude of last week's calamity was not the work of nature alone. Primitive construction methods in Armenia made homes and offices especially vulnerable. Village homes are often built of adobe mud, with rock ceilings for insulation, while office buildings are constructed with masonry tiles that are not always properly connected. Asked *Kommunisticheskaya Pravda*, the official newspaper of Communist youth, "Where were the seismologists, the architects and the construction workers that drafted and built the houses that fell apart like matchboxes?"

**Shocks:** The devastation was near-complete in some areas. In Leningrad, more than two-thirds of all buildings were reported destroyed. Stages and Kirovskaya were heavily damaged, and Soviet television reported that Sputnik had "gradually been torn from the floor of the earth." But the newspaper *Pravda* reported that Armenia's nuclear power plant, about 48 km west of Yerevan, withstood the shocks unscathed.

After the quake struck, soldiers set up tent cities and

worked on restoring electricity and water, while helicopters airlifted medical teams and equipment into devastated regions. One Soviet officer, Gen. Vladimir Artshakov, said that army surgeons in tents were performing "extremely critical and delicate operations." In Moscow, city officials said that thousands of people were being up to donate blood for victims. The country's trade unions said they were financing travel and temporary lodging arrangements for people who had lost their homes, at a cost

177,000. Armenians have fled Azerbaijan. Many of them had settled in camps near the Armenian city of Norwood, which also was severely damaged.

**Violence:** Even in the aftermath of the disaster, ethnic violence continued. After Soviet troops in Azerbaijan were redeployed to Armenia to aid in the earthquake rescue operation, Muslim rioters set fire to some Armenian houses in Baku, the Azerbaijan capital. And a spokesman for Armenia's official news agency, Araratpress, dismissed reports by the Soviet



Wrecked building, quake victim: tens of thousands dead or injured, half a million homeless

expected to average about \$1 million a day.

For some of the refugees, it is the second time that they have been wrenched from their homes this year. At least 40 people have died this year to ethnic violence between Armenians and Azerbaijanis, and soldiers have frequently intervened to stop fighting. As a result, about

300,000 in Moscow that Azerbaijanis were helping in the rescue effort. But the Sovietist generally open discussion of the disaster contrasted sharply with previous domestic reactions to natural catastrophes. The casualty figures for a devastating 1940 earthquake in the Soviet republic of Tadzhikistan, which killed 118,000, have only recently been revealed. Konn Gorkhachev has not always shied by his own policy of glasnost, at increased openness, either the accident at the Chernobyl nuclear power plant in 1986, he withheld public comment until 18 days after the incident.

In the aftermath of the Armenian quake, a special commission, headed by Armenian Prime Minister Nikolai Ryzhkov, decided immediately to rebuild Leningrad and Sochi, Moscow, while the Soviet people marked Saturday as an official day of mourning for the victims. Armenians abroad continue their nerve-racking wait for word of friends and relatives. "We watch the news and everybody is crying," said Solina Chantlan, 36, a spokeswoman for the Armenian National Committee in Montreal. "The community is in shock."

ANTHONY WILSON SMITH is in Moscow with MARY NEMETH

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# A lawyer's woes

The 'King of Torts' finds himself in court

He first gained international prominence in 1964 as the lawyer who defended Jack Ruby, the Dallas, Texas, businessman who shot and killed Lee Harvey Oswald, the suspected assassin of John F. Kennedy. Since then, lawyer Milton Bell has specialized in winning multimillion-dollar settlements from corporations and individuals for clients injured by negligence or negligence. As of 1991, the controversial Bell is surrounded by a mounting array of problems himself. Fanned out of his San Francisco mansion by the breakup of his marriage, Bell is also being sued by the U.S. government for about \$5 million in back taxes and is fighting six negligence suits against him.

Over the years, Bell's clients have included such celebrities as boxer Muhammad Ali, actress Mar West, comedian Larry Nino and the British rock group The Rolling Stones. And in a recent victory, Bell won \$32 million in 1987 for the families of 16 American servicemen killed when a U.S. jetliner crashed in 1985 at Gander, Nfld., with the loss of 294 lives. But in recent years, Bell has come under fire for his supposed running of his own legal practice and his less-than-ideal personality. Last July, the Washington, D.C.-based Association of Trial Lawyers of America, which Bell helped to found, tentatively approved a resolution calling on members for restraint in talking to the media—an action that many lawyers interpreted as a direct rebuke to the outspoken Bell.

The family life of the man known as "the King of Torts" played into public prominence last July when his 36-year-old wife, Lila, filed for a legal separation, claiming that Bell physically and verbally abused her and sexually harassed her of infidelity. Fanned out of the couple's 26-room house by a court order, Bell took up residence on his 160-ft yacht and publicly described Lila—as 48½ with—"the Queen of Torts." The dispute took on the trappings of soap opera when Lila Bell called a news conference to release accusations by her husband that she slept with household staff. Mrs. Bell produced character witnesses, including a former male secretary from the Bell mansion, who declared that he had never slept with her.

Bell is also facing a legal action that could erode his large personal fortune. The United States Internal Revenue Service claims that Bell avoided \$3 million in taxes in 1981 when he transferred ownership of his law firm's San Francisco office building to his son and daughter. At the same time, the growing number of negligence suits against his law firm have eroded Bell's legal standing. Three

years ago, a San Francisco court found that Bell's firm was negligent in the case of a motorcycle accident victim who subsequently received hospital workers for damaging his eye and cord. Bell's firm was ordered to pay the plaintiff \$6.5 million.

Since then, six more negligence suits have been filed against Bell by lawyers who worked for Bell's firm in the past—the claims range from fraud to breach of contract—as well as

grounded by using photographs, blackboards and other devices to introduce "demonstrative evidence" into civil and criminal actions. He also employed dramatic courtroom tactics to gain the sympathy of juries. In a now-legendary case brought by a woman whose leg had been severed by a San Francisco strapper in 1941, Bell appeared in court with an oblong, butcher-paper-wrapped bundle and put it on the plaintiff's table. During closing arguments in the case, Bell draped the parcel as the jurors watched in horror, expecting to see the victim's severed limb. The parcel turned out to contain the plaintiff's new artificial leg, which Bell passed around the jury box. The woman's \$125,000 award was 10 times the usual amount at that time.

Bell says that he has no serious concerns about his current difficulties. Confronted by suggestions that he is no longer able to manage his firm's work load—which currently totals more than 1,000 cases—Bell claims that his office will receive 90 calls a day from potential



Bell, estranged wife Lila: no serious concerns about his current difficulties

several former clients who claim that Bell's firm brought their cases.

Despite Bell's current difficulties, many legal experts credit him with changing the course of civil law in the English-speaking world by helping to establish that corporations and professionals such as doctors and lawyers can be held responsible for harm caused to their clients. In 1994, Bell represented a California waitress who was injured by an exploding soft-drink bottle. The case paved the way for scores of subsequent product-liability actions. Said James Joss, a law professor at the University of Missouri in Kansas City: "He had a greater impact on the plaintiff's bar and the style of trying lawsuits than any one person in this century."

During his long career, Bell broke new legal

ideas. He also insists that he will not let the suit "burrow" into his personal life, even his upcoming marriage. Declared Bell, "If the juries want to talk to me, I will talk to them."

In the meantime, his highly publicized loss with his wife appears to have gained him new popularity with San Franciscans. When a dispute flared over custody of the couple's Italian greyhound, named *Walterine Stumpground IV*, the San Francisco *Examiner* called readers to vote on who should get the animal. Bell won by a 3-to-1 margin. But victory may prove more difficult as the storm of legal and financial battles gripping around the legendary lawyer's head.

MARK MICHELS with ANNE GRACOR in Los Angeles

# DEWAR'S PROFILE:

## GORDON ANDERSON

HIMES: Toronto, Bala, and Buffalo.

AGE: 37

OCCUPATION: President of Playtex Enterprises; TV on-air commentator; world-class squash champion.

HIMES: Trying to be in the same place as his wife and two daughters at the same time.

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## OBITUARY

### Rock 'n' roll romantic

*Roy Orbison has left a  
legacy of tender ballads*

He sang songs steeped in melancholy with a voice that could hit the sweetest heights. As a member of the first generation of rock 'n' rollers, he was a loner, a shy troubadour who, despite his tough-looking, dark attire and ever-present sunglasses, preferred enveloping ballads to the rugged side of rock. And when he died last week from a heart attack at 52, Roy Orbison touched off a new wave of emotion from a diverse range of musicians and fans. At the peak of his career in the 1960s, Orbison had 27 consecutive records on the charts, including *Only the Lonely* and *Oh Pretty Woman*. Recently, he returned to the charts by collaborating with such voices as Bob Dylan and George Harrison in the group The Traveling Wilburys. Through it all, Orbison remained extremely modest. *Self Canada's* k. d. lang, who sang with him in last year's remake of his classic "Cry," "The most amazing thing was that Roy retained such humility and gracefulness throughout his legendary career."

Born into a hard-drinking Texas family, Orbison learned guitar from his oil worker father and was performing on radio by the time he was 18. He soon moved into a circle of rock pioneers that included Elvis Presley and Jerry Lee Lewis. But it was a heartfelt ballad, beginning with 1958's *Only the Lonely* that he made his mark. In the midst of success, tragedy pursued him: his first wife died in a motorcycle accident in 1960, and two of three sons were dead in a fire two years later. In 1970, he had to undergo open-heart surgery.

Meanwhile, Orbison was a bold eclectic who isolated everything from Latin rhythms to tribal string accompaniment in his songs. But his signature was his moaning, almost operatic three-octave tenor. Last year, when he was inducted into the Rock 'n' Roll Hall of Fame, Bruce Springsteen, a longtime fan, said, "I'll always remember being in bed and right at the end of it's Dave, when he hits that note when it sounds like the world's going to end." The next Springsteen and rock diverse artists as Elton John, Tom Waes, Bruce Springsteen, Jonico Warner and long paid tribute to Orbison as a documentary concert movie titled *A Black and White Night*. And with a new collection of his songs planned for release in the new year, that will have another chance to hear the man in all his romantic grandeur.

NICHOLAS JENNINGS

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Indian Hunter in Winter

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Indian Hunter in Winter

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Duce (left), Muscatelli's secretary and smiling partners on both sides of a bitter dispute over farm subsidies

## BUSINESS

# GIVING NO GROUND

For four consecutive days and nights last week, trade missions from around the world and their negotiators huddled in Montreal's Palais des Congrès convention center, trying to break a bitter deadlock between the United States and the European Community (EC). The gathering of the 95 members of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) was billed as a critical meeting for the future of the global trade system, which many experts say is on the verge of another period of fierce protectionism. But by week's end, the talks—which opened on the issue of agriculture—had collapsed in disarray, frustrating efforts to tackle new issues and overshadowing progress in others. And GATT officials, in an obvious attempt to exercise damage control, could agree only to delay the final decisions on the key unresolved issues until April.

Most observers said that they had never expected the Montreal gathering—actually a

## HOPING FOR A SOLUTION ON FARM SUBSIDIES, GATT DELEGATES HAD TO GO HOME EMPTY-HANDED

critical review of the GATT record that started at a European beach resort in 1986—to lead to definitive conclusions. The talks were designed to provide negotiators with fresh directives and a political push for the remaining two years of the Uruguay Round. But after last week's statements, many delegates expressed

deepening conviction that progress toward more liberalized global trade had suffered a painful setback. Indeed, even as the GATT talks floundered, critics at other international trading relationships were developing.

A U.S. congressional report, which was filed on Nov. 25 but which became public only last week, stated that more than 40 countries of the proposed Free Trade Agreement (FTA) between Canada and the United States can be found in Canadian law, regulations and even administrative practices. And on Dec. 5, the United States government announced that it had decided to keep, but scale down, the controversial tariff on Canadian cedar shakes and shingles, which began in 1986, despite the signing of the FTA.

But those skirmishes were dwarfed by the agreement tentatively signed between the United States and the EC. At issue is the dismantling of agricultural subsidies around the world, which some experts supply and

result in lower prices for farmers.

Each side has taken positions that make a compromise difficult. U.S. negotiators insist that the GATT consent deal to the elimination of all farm subsidies over an indefinite time period. They say that subsidies distort world trade and that they cost consumers an estimated \$207 billion a year. But EC representatives opposed complete elimination of the subsidies, although they agreed to a reduction. The EC officials said that they could not accept the consequences of abandoning 15 million European farmers. And French Agriculture Minister Jean Nohle: "The Americans simply do not accept the legitimacy of our social system. They do not understand the realities in Europe."

Both sides mentioned free-riding partners throughout the week, each accusing the other of being unreasonable while claiming that

itself led through a thicket, hoping to find words to achieve the Americans' goal without offending the EC. But sources within the Canadian delegation—which included Trade Minister John Crosbie, acting Agriculture Minister Donald Muscatelli, Minister of State Charles Mayer, Crosbie's undersecretary for multilateral trade negotiations, Sylvia Ostry, and assistant deputy minister, multilateral trade negotiations, German Deves—said that it was clear that the talks were unworkable while the participants rejected Thursday evening's deal. Crosbie: "The gap between the United States and the European Community was just too big to bridge."

Frustration and anger were evident following the decision to delay the negotiations on agriculture. Australian Trade Negotiations Minister Michael Duffy said that the world is now "steering down the barrel" of a deteriorating trade war.

When the agricultural negotiations collapsed, a group of five developing nations, led by Argentina and Brazil, threatened to delay tentative accords reached in 11 other areas. But other GATT officials persisted in their goal to meet with EC negotiators. Arthur Dunkel tried to come up with a solution to the long-stalled issue of intellectual property rights between new and old countries. He said that he would meet with EC officials in Geneva, Switzerland, on Dec. 10.

Still, the GATT talks produced some successes. Three days after the early breakthrough on tropical products, U.S. officials said that they, too, would lower tariffs on certain products. Delegates also undertook to draft a framework agreement for further negotiations on trade in services such as banking, insurance, advertising and airport services.

GATT officials ended last week but issued plans for the future to make progress on the agriculture issue could destroy the whole Uruguay Round. But most of the tough talk had softened by Friday as the delegates jockeyed to leave and tried to put a brave face on their failure. Said Dunkel: "Now is a good time to have a cooling-off period." In the final analysis, trade officials say that the GATT members were not totally disappointed. For them, even a small step down the road would leave trade away at least postponed a trade war.

JOHN DEWENT with LISA RYAN LAMON in Montreal



Montreal's Jean Duce (left), Crosbie's undersecretary

## Business Notes

### INFLATIONARY PREHENSORS

The Ontario Automobile Insurance Board will begin hearings this month on appropriate rate increases. A report by the actuarial firm Wilton M. Moore Ltd. released last week recommended that premiums increase by 22 to 40 per cent, but amounts and their use in services is widely disputed. Board chairman Murray Eaton said that the government will consider public information after the board sets rate levels in January.

### A MARCO'S PENTHOUSE

Arrived in Montreal and status agent Norberto Rivera, deposed Philippine president Ferdinand Marcos and his wife, Imelda, purchased a two-story penthouse condominium in Montreal's west end for more than \$2 million through a broker's intermediary.

### NO LONGER IN SERVICE

Mississauga, Ont.-based Montreal Telecom Ltd. announced that it will close two accounts in Canada, consolidate several locations in the United States and may transfer or lay off up to 2,000 employees by the first quarter of 1990.

### SOVIET WONDERLAND

American businessman Cyrus Eaton Jr. said that he will finance the construction of a \$5-billion Soviet hotel, shopping and amusement complex near Leningrad. Three Canadian companies will participate—Edmonton-based PCL Construction Group of Companies, Toronto architect Webb Zovko, Montreal-based Partnership and Toronto-based landscape and urban designers Pomeroy International Corp.

### A BILKIN PULLER

At a special meeting in Toronto, shareholders of Inco Ltd. approved a so-called poison-pill proposal. The measure will make a hostile takeover of the company justifiable only if the company, in an attempt to acquire a special \$12-a-share dividend that will cost the company \$1.26 billion.

### INTO THE SUNSHINE

After 25 years of production, the Model 101 Jet Vista Otter utility airplane rolled off an assembly line at the de Havilland Aircraft Co. of Canada Ltd. plant in Downsview, Ont., a Toronto suburb.

### CEDAR TARTLET LEFT STANDING

Canadian cedar shakes and shingle producers agreed last week to President Ronald Reagan's decision to suspend a five-year phase-out tariff on their products, which he first imposed in 1986.

## TINSEL CLOWNS

COMEDY AND  
FARCE DOMINATE  
THE HOLLYWOOD  
CHRISTMAS LIST

It was Sunday morning on a Halloween weekend in New York City, and Bill Murray was already into the Christmas spirit. "Let's make a picture of bloody tears," he said. While the humor in his latest movie pleased the media, Murray discussed his decision to star in *Scrooged*, Hollywood's twisted version of the Charles Dickens classic *A Christmas Carol*. "If they had asked me to play *Bluesman* Scrooge, I'd have said, 'Not the road, pal,'" declared Murray. "But this is different. It's about the loneliness of Christmas—the three months as opposed to the 15 days." In *Scrooged*, Murray portrays a misanthropic TV network executive who exploits the holiday season in an opportunity to pump up ratings. But while venturing up the selling of Christmas, the movie is part of a highly commercialized attempt to capitalize on the Yuletide market. Murray, who starred in 1984's *Ghostbusters*, was paid \$6 million to battle the ghosts of Christmas past, present and future in *Scrooged*, a \$30-million crowd that cost an additional \$15 million to promote and distribute.

**Schedule:** The holiday season heralds break business at the box office, as Hollywood's studios compete to give audiences what they seem to have always wanted at Christmas: a good time. With stars emerging from the seductive Melissa Griffith to the strapping Arnold Schwarzenegger, most of the big Christmas movies that year are comedies. There are exceptions, including *Triples* *Scream*, a light-hearted detective drama with Mel Gibson and Kurt Russell, and *Baywatch*, starring Dustin Hoffman as an athletic man who subverts millions. The studios are also dropping a few serious movies into limited release before the new year to make them eligible for Oscars—nota-



Griffith's *Working Girl* is a Cinderella story about the triumph of a secretary.

bly *Manicotti* showing an incendiary civil rights drama, and *Tell Adam*, the story of a plane-in host battling a racist mobster.

But on the whole, holiday movies tend to be light and cathartic, with a cheering blend of humor and heart. And this season, Hollywood's Christmas list is dominated by heroes with outlandish premises about grown men rejecting adolescent fantasies. *Scrooged*, starring Murray, was the first out, opening last week because of its season theme; it has a short shelf life. This month marks the release of five more comedies, those including Canadians. Murray's fellow globe-trotter, Christopher Dan Aykroyd, co-stars with Kim Basinger in a family comedy, *My Stepmother Is an Alien*. Toronto-raised film-maker Ivan Reitman, who directed *Ghostbusters*, has created *There's a*

luddy movie featuring Schwarzenegger and Danny DeVito as unlikely siblings. And in a gag-filled romp titled *The Naked Gun: From the Files of Police Squad!*, the makers of *Academy Award* bring back veteran Canadian-born actor Leslie Nielsen. Meanwhile, Steve Martin and Melinae! Can you the lineup of well-known men goes with *Daddy* *Deliver* *Scrooged*.

**Schedule:** But one comedy breaks the trend. *Working Girl*, which opens on Dec. 21, is about women, not men. It is designed for an adult audience. And its star, Melissa Griffith, who was critical acclaim in 1984's *Something Wild*, is out many dramas, especially compared with the actors supporting her—Harrison Ford and Sigourney Weaver (page 52). But she is the sweet surprise of the Christmas season, a sparkling talent who manages to act calm and

Coming Soon.



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# THE COMIC FARE RUNS THE GAMUT FROM BUNGLING POLICE TO ALIENS



Nikita, Prosser in *The Naked Gun* crouched with gags and jokes

confidence, smart and sexy, ordinary and sophisticated, all in the same movie. Working Girl is also a sublime showcase for the directing talents of veteran Mike Nichols. Having earned an Oscar, an Emmy and seven Tony Awards in his 30-year career, Nichols has demonstrated a knack for defining the Stars with his movies, which range from 1967's *The Graduate* to 1977's *Silkwood*. He led before par with his last two films. *Heartburn* and the Neil Simon comedy *Private Shen*. But with *Working Girl*, Nichols has regained his form. Posing vintage white-collar lacrosse with the latest Mid-Street trends to corporate larding, it touches a broader chord.

Set in New York City, the movie is a Cinderella story about an ambitious secretary who takes over the boss's office. Confronting in Manhattan to the Statue Island ferry, Tess (Giblin) is one of an army of women who troop in work in tennis shoes while carrying high heels to wear at their desks. More interesting than that, Tess dreams of rising into the upper echelons of the brokerage

industry. But she has trouble just staying employed. She loses one job after another harassment prompts her to put a message on the office's electronic billboard describing her employer as "a sleazy pimp with a top info dick."

**Delicious:** Tess finds a new job in the wing-and-out-lacrosse lacrosse as secretary to a vicious executive named Katherine (Prosser). When Tess suggests an ingenious business deal, Katherine pretends to reject the idea, then secretly adopts it as her own. Discovering the deceit while her boss is away on a

Besinger in *My Stepmother Is an Alien*: survivor from space



vacation, Tess plays another's apprentice. She takes over Katherine's office, assumes her voice, wears her clothes and struts both a deal and a romance with her boss's friend, an investment broker named Jack (Ford).

**Blending:** *Girl* combines a clever script with excellent performances. Equally at home on both sides of the class barrier, Giblin takes a delicious amount of love with her dialogue. Projecting a lively, childlike vulnerability, she combines the glamour of Marilyn Monroe with a practical streak of punk. And her body, which lacks the aerobic muscle tone of a 1980s movie star, looks refreshingly lived in.

**Range:** It is Ford who plays the limbo. Working against the grain of his Indiana Jones persona, he brings a gawky charm to his portrayal of Jack, a nervous businessman who has as much to lose as Tess has to gain. In one hilarious scene, while secretaries sgle him through the glass wall of his office, he trips off his shirt (putting his arms stuck in the cuff locked, then wishes his underarms with a pitcher of water before putting on a fresh one. Meanwhile Whinn, who is otherwise for most of the movie, completes the picture with her competence of a spoiled executive. Rounding out the cast, Jon Casch, who played the nervous tycoon in *Deadwood News*, adds a snap touch as Tess's best friend, a borough-level girl with rainbow shades of eye shadow.

Dressing out the talents of a well-balanced cast, Nichols guides the camera with a warm touch. *Working Girl* is a treat to watch. From the opening sequence—an aerial shot that loops full circle around the Statue of Liberty, then swoops across the Hudson River to intercept the Staten Island ferry—his direction is casual smooth, almost to the point of being clove. But in the end, Nichols keeps the comedy light, adding enough ironic touches to make it credible.

**Like:** *Working Girl*, *My Stepmother Is an Alien* is a comedy about a female impostor, but instead of being from a different class, she is from another galaxy. In the tradition of *E.T.* the Extraterrestrial, which has become a popular work-alike for its alien science, *Stepmother* is a tale of family harmony—a savior from the stars brings comfort and joy down to earth. The alien, portrayed by Kim Basinger of the sultry post and the Barbie-doll body, claims to be 1,206 years old. But as she steps from her flying saucer in a diabolical red dress, she looks light-years younger—and more striking—than the wisened creature of *E.T.*

**Range:** Named Celeste, she is on a mission to save her planet. And Steve (Dax Aykroyd), a scientist searching for extraterrestrial intelligence, is the only one who can help her. She needs his "inducing Kyndron take," although no one (including Steve) seems to understand how it works. Having taken a crash course in human behavior, Celeste seduces Steve in a heavy-handed fashion and marries him the next day. A widower, Steve is overthrown by his sudden good fortune, which arouses suspicion in his sleazy brother (John Lemond). And Steve's 12-year-old daughter is thrilled to have a stepmother, even if she acts



strangely for someone who claims to be from the Netherlands.

Directed by Richard Benjamin, *Schindler* is a thinly scripted story inflated with special effects. But there are some fancy moments as Celente blasts her way through her first-time experiences at kissing, dressing, cooking and driving a car. Meanwhile, Academy, contest-winning director Spielberg, gives his best performance in years. Newcomer Alison Hingston, who performs the movie's most emotional scene, almost steals the show as the teenage daughter. And Baugher, after looking so miserable as a submissive victim in such dramas as *S 102* *Wicks*, finally seems to be enjoying himself.

Arnold Schwarzenegger is another actor who has built a career on physical endorsement. And like Baugher, as *Thru* he portrays a virtual victim from another world. Last year, *Iron Brat* asked two screenwriters to come up with an idea for a movie costarring Schwarzenegger and Debra DeVito. Two days later, the writers composed something they threw. After the writers finished out the idea as a script, all that remained was for Reitman to buy the rights to the tale *Thru* from his friend, Tennessee director David Cronenberg, who gladly renounced his own movie about *Iron Brat*. As the executive producer of *Thru*, Cronenberg, Joe Melzak pointed out,

"When you see a film that is light-hearted, it is easy to forget that sometimes it took years of struggle and anguish to bring it to the screen; this is not one of those films."

**Verdict:** Despite its costumed origins, *Thru* is surprisingly sweet, gentle comedy that sustains its humor long after the novelty of the premise wears off. Segmented at both, *Thru* (Schwarzenegger) and *Vince* (DeVito) are the progeny of a mild laboratory experiment to create a genetically superior human. With one mother and six fathers, the movie comes from an awfully tight embryo. All the good qualities went to Julius, and the bad ones to Vince. An alternate interpretation is that his special life began as a South Pacific island, Julius landed down Vince, a selfish man who steals cars in Los Angeles. Together they drive to Texas in search of their mother. Along for the ride are Vince's girlfriend (Chloe Webb) and his uncle (Dale Pinyard), who seems distressed to alter Julius's status in a 250-lb. segue.

The muscle-bound Schwarzenegger deco-

strates a remarkably delicate comedic touch. Suffering the brain from *The Terminator* and *Red Heat* does not seem to have a wretched hour in his body. Almost testifically innocent, Julius encounters the sex and violence of American culture for the first time. In one scene, he stops to admire Sylvester Stallone's biceps at a movie poster for *Raiders*.

**Warning:** The movie's other center-breasted male actors in *Daily Movie* Schwarzenegger, an elegant comedy filmed on the French Riviera. Starring Steve Martin and Michael Caine as competing cat men, it blends American and British styles of humor in post-European neo-rundings. The rubber-faced Martin displays his unique genius for physical comedy. By

po Martin portrays Frank, a small-time operator who manipulates women into giving him money with sob stories about his sick grand-mother. Caine plays Lawrence, who lives in a luxurious villa and debauches upper-class women by masquerading as a deposed prince, noting hints in code for his people. When Frank threatens to expose the other man's hypocritical game, Lawrence seductively teams up with him. Finally, they decide to settle their rivalry with a wager involving a new female victim (Glenn Headley). Schwarzenegger is slow to start, and there are relatively few jokes for a Hollywood comedy. Still, the movie's sophisticated quietly builds toward an expected double-drum ending.

It would be difficult to find a more severe contrast to the measured pace and atmospheric wit of Schwarzenegger than the relentless lunacy of *The Naked Gun*. A fast and dirty slapstick knock, *The Naked Gun* runs for only 85 minutes, but for every minute there seems to be at least a dozen silly jokes. Saturday morning TV cartoons were tinged by contrast. The movie is directed by David Zucker, a member of a Hollywood writing-producing trio with Jim Abrahams and Jerry Zucker, who seems to specialize in movies with exclamation marks in the titles. *Julie from Jekyll* (1980) and *The Secret* (1984), they also created the television series *Police Squad*, a cop-show parody starring Leslie Nielsen. Reviving the usual Hollywood formula, the TV series became the inspiration for *The Naked Gun*.

**Verdict:** Michael portrays Frank, a bungling Los Angeles man with delusions of heroism. In the opening scene, he bumps into a car-fleeing meeting of conspirators, including the Soviet's Mikhail Gorbachev, the Palestinian's Yasser Arafat and Libya's Muammar Gaddafi—all played by look-alikes—plotting to destroy the West. The movie has nothing to do with the rest of the movie. But it launches a rap-fare valley of yaps, during which Frank uses the trademark of Gorbachev's forehead.

The weekend story writers arrived at a plot to assassinate Queen Elizabeth II during a royal visit to Los Angeles. The corporate villain who masterminded the assassination plot is portrayed by Ricardo Montalban, best known as the mummy of '79's *Phantom* Jekyll. And Pinyard (DeVito's nephew) decorates the package as his one-sided secretary, who is increasingly drawn to Frank. With glee-chi-dore-





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## U.S. COMEDY HAS GROWN UP, WITH MORE JOKES AND FEWER CAR CRASHES

paid for good taste, the film-makers again use a low-keyline—a dumpy housewife of the Queens, Express Boulevard for the day, who is laughing at the top of her head and sliding along a banquet table, some Canadian moviegoers last week called for a boycott of the film.

Much of *The Naked Gun's* appeal depends on the conceit that the police detect, another sardonic Nelson is now even a matchy cop with a devastating effect on women. The joke wears thin, but with a comest of great gags there is hardly time to notice. The same happens some of the most convoluted toilet humor to be found anywhere. There is also a gross-out line some, as when Nelson and Pringle go to bed dressed in ghost, head-to-toe costumes.

**Series:** *Screwed* is another exercise in irreverence that takes the *Naked Gun*, where nothing is sacred, it attempts a tricky compromise between cynicism and sentiment. The same features Bill Murray as Frank Cross, the youngest, most recent and simplest network president in the history of television. His program lineup for the holiday season includes such satirical specials as *The Night the Animals Died*, in which beasts and the streets most off motorists armed with machine guns. But his latest project is a \$40-million production of *Screwed*, a musical featuring guest Mary Lou Retton as Tiny Tim, the Solid Gold dancer and live show with machine rifles strapped to their heads.

**Movie:** *Melvin* is related by the Ghost of Christmas Past, a loving New York City cab driver (David Johansen) who takes him on a hell-bent ride back to childhood. *The Ghost of Christmas Present* (Carol Kane) is a sugar plum lady with a wicked right hook. And the Ghost of Christmas Future appears to him in the elevator as a hideous special-effects robot with a video heart. Cross gives it an winning glance and asks, "Did you people do that?"

**Music:** Murray's deadpan style can be very funny. But the story maps under the weight of a musical, musical subplot involving Cross and an ex-girlfriend (Karen Allen), who works at a shelter for the homeless. And the movie fails in its attempt to duplicate the emotional magic of the Dickens

legend. Cross's secretary *Wife* Woodford serves as a black female foil. Carlsberg with a male six-year-old son (Jonathan Tyn Thomas) is a stand-in for a more sentimental to sincerity. The story dissolves with a long emotional pitch about Christmas that



Murray in *Dirty Harry* Sevenside: *Screwed* shows off his

Murray delivers straight to the camera, as if he's addressing the audience to take him seriously—for once. As the actor told *MovieWeek*: "I found it very easy for me. The hard part is being sincere."

**Notes:** In the end, *Screwed* settles in the category like a Christmas trifle—lots of spoon-able sentiment unevenly spiked with

satire. But the early scenes parody television with the voices of the original *Saturday Night Live* TV show, where the co-writers of *Screwed*, Mack Glasser and Michael O'Donoghue, once worked with Murray. In one scene, Cross screens an outlandish promotional spot for his network's Christmas Day broadcast of *Savage*. Advertising the show as a refuge from a frightening world, the commercial bombards viewers with images of drug addicts, terrorists and freeway killings.

But the commercial is the movie uniquely contained much stranger footage, showing a teenager peeing a gun in his mouth and blowing his brains out. Despite objections from Murray and the writers, *Savage* director Richard Donner cut that scene from the movie. "It was pretty rough," admitted Murray. "But I won't beget myself anything anybody in movies would do," he added, referring to the full period of network network ratings. "I mean, I saw someone get in one through their head on TV the other night."

**Synopsis:** Murray represents a generation of comic actors who launched their careers on the late-night fringe of network television. Four of the six new Christmas comedies feature performers who first achieved wide exposure on *Saturday Night Live*: Aykroyd, Linn, Morris, Murray—and recent SNL regular Rosemarie DeWitt, who makes a cameo appearance in *Wishy Washy*. Retton has been a major talent broker helping TV comedy stars make the transition to the big screen. His *Christmas* comedies were more than 50 million at the box office, and now, as Christmas approaches, he is shooting what could be one of the season's biggest hits—a sequel starring Murray and Aykroyd.

Since the wave of late-1990s youth movies featuring the SNL crew from *Animal House* to *The 400 Blows*, American comedy has grown up—there are more jokes and fewer car crashes. The holiday season's new new comedies are remarkably consistent in quality. Some of them fail to live up to their gift-wrapped titles, and the scripts can be as glib as greeting cards. But beneath the laws, the performers come up with some wonderful surprises. There's then it's something for everyone under Tim Allen's tree.

KEVIN D. JOHNSON

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Harmon, Ford, Griffith: a movie with the most ingenious casting in years

## SOMETHING WILD ON WALL STREET

THREE STARS TAKE SURPRISING ROLES

It is a white-collar comedy about a secretary who stages a Wall Street coup. But it could easily be a tale of career politics in Hollywood. *Working Girl*, a rare movie from veteran director Mike Nichols, offers some of the most ingenious casting in years. Harrison Ford, the bigger-than-life gladiator of the Star Wars and Indiana Jones movies, breaks out of his heroic mold to portray a piously passive brokerage dealer. Supremacy Winner, fresh from playing queen of the apes

in *Grease* in the past, is reduced to a small supporting role as a bid for *Working Girl*'s heroine, a less famous actress named Melanie Griffith. A success story about a working girl's struggle to become a career woman, the movie also represents Griffith's own transition from working actress to Hollywood star.

Casting is a highly political business. At first, studio executives at 20th Century-Fox wanted to bring a big name for the lead of *Working Girl*. And Griffith did not qualify. She is the

daughter of a star. Tippi Hedren, the icy blonde in such Alfred Hitchcock classics as *The Birds* (1963) and *Marnie* (1964). And she is the ex-wife of a star. Don Johnson of *50th Avenue* (1985). But odd, now, Griffith was just an interesting actress, best known as the quirky heroine who handcuffed a man to a metal bed in 1986's stylish-comedy *Something Wild*. Still, with the help of Nichols, Griffith landed the *Working Girl* lead—displaying a person-on-the-rise typical of the character she could play.

**Match:** The role of Tina, a spunky secretary who infiltrates the executive ranks of the brokerage business, is an enviable one for any actress. She has husky Harrison Ford tagging along as her love interest, a character who is neither as smart nor as bold as she is. She also gets to translate a boss played by the reigning Supremacy Winner. Ford's macho credentials are strong enough that he can allow himself to be brought down a peg or two. But *Woman's part* was especially satisfying, and she naturally enjoyed it, only to be covered near the movie by Nichols. Griffith, Weaver and Ford are three very different products of the star-making machine. During separate interviews last month, they talked to *Entertainment* about how their careers intersected in *Working Girl*.

Remember striped tights and a knee-length sweater, Griffith looked up as a lady, a cross-legged tangle of thighs and high heels. She wore diamond earrings and a large, square-cut diamond ring. "Diamonds, they're my favorite gem," she said in a starchy voice. "I don't think of myself as wanting to be a star," declared Griffith. But she begged to play the lead in *Working Girl* after first seeing the script three years ago. A year and a half later, when Nichols was hired to direct it, she tried to get in to see him. "He didn't think I was right or didn't know who I was or something," she said. According to producer Douglas Wick, the studio was unable to find a major movie star who would be "both believable as a secretary and drop-dead beautiful for later in the story." After seeing *Something Wild*, Nichols finally asked Griffith to audition for *Working Girl*. After reading quickly with him over, but studio executives agreed to have her only after seeing the results of a screen test.

**Hardcore:** In past roles, Griffith has played such sexually uninhibited women that she was in danger of being typecast. But there were always hints of a serious actress trying to break through, investing her characters with a creative sense of style. As the platinum-blond porno star, Holly Hobbie, in director Rita De-Dea's 1984 thriller *Body Double*, she projected a disarming innocence. In *Something Wild*, it was her idea to begin the movie in a black wig, which added another level of intrigue to the script. And in *Working Girl*, a long shot showing her succumbing to the role was also her suggestion—"I thought it would be typical," she said. "You do that when you're in a hurry and you don't want to put on the clothes you're going to wear."

But Griffith's most remarkable quality is the way she seems to invent her character as the camera rolls. Nichols calls her "that rare creature that is made for the

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Continued on page 21

The interlocking empires of the Reichmanns and the Bronfmans



Portrait of the man pictured in the photo above is from the December issue of **CANADIAN BUSINESS**

## HOLIDAY FILMS

conscious." He added: "Her eyes are transparent, you can see right into her feelings. She doesn't act—she just arrives alive."

As a premier, Griffith recalls, she had no opportunity to follow in her mother's footsteps. "I always saw her being made up in front of the mirror and I thought being you just hair and clothes," she said. "I had no concept that it was a real art."

At 14, she made her screen debut in *Night Moves* with Gene Hackman and began a turbulent romance with Johnson, then an unknown actor. It lasted four years later, shortly after they were married. (Now divorced from her second husband, actor Darren Star, Griffith lives with their three-year-old daughter, she recently reunited with Johnson, who moved his lair with singer Barbra Streisand.) Griffith, who never finished high school, spent nearly two decades acting in movies and television. (But she did not see serious action until *Body Double*). Finally, with director Jonathan Demme's *Something Wild*, she became a contender for stardom.

**Drugs.** The vulnerability that helps make her a good actress has also taken a personal toll. She has wandered dark trails with drugs and alcohol. While shooting *Working Girl*, she smoked and got Nicholas Cage drunk, and spent some time at a New York clinic specializing in chemical dependency. Asked if she had conquered her addiction, she replied, "Today I have—it's one day at a time." Incidentally, it appears to improve her acting more than medicine, especially questions about acting technique. Said Griffith: "It's like exposing your muscles. I feel like saying, 'Look, I don't know how to do it, so I'll just do it.'"

In contrast to Griffith, Weaver is focused and forthcoming. Wearing a black-and-white headband jacket, she looks every bit as elegant as the agent-clerk who the portrait in *Working Girl*, all clear lines and contours that market like dark eyes and waves of colors hair framing her face in the style of a 1940s screen star. Weaver grew up in an affluent suburban home, the daughter of former NBC president Sylvester Weaver and British actress Elizabeth Taylor. She calls Griffith, the Hollywood dropout, Weaver the elegant New Yorker, and the foundation for her career at Standard Characters and film drama schools.

In creating Katherine, her character in *Working Girl*, Weaver was able to make several comments on her own upper-class background. "I certainly had the same excellent schooling as her," she said. "It was fun doing it—we all want to see rich people behave horribly." Although friends advised her that it

was embarrassing for a star of her stature to play a supporting role as a scheming succubus, Weaver says that she has no regrets. Added Weaver: "It was a delightful part, not unlike those *Beverly Hills* romances."

**Seize it.** In researching the role, she said, she was shocked to discover that cocaine was so rampant on Wall Street. "Women still have to



Faye Dunaway playing a painfully innocent brokerage dealer

fight to be equals with men," Weaver declared. "They were like the surgeons but not too aggressive, feminine but not too feminine." But she said that cocaine did not come in Hollywood as well, especially in the form of alcohol. Although Weaver earned more than \$10 million for starring in the 1986 box-office hit *Alien*, male stars were considerably more. Said Weaver: "Harrison Ford gets paid five times what I get paid."

Later, Ford almost choked in his drink when told about Weaver's complaint. "She said that?" he asked. "I'm slightly embarrassed. It's not within my control, but I'm certainly sympathetic to her point of view—she's right." Finally, dressed in cowboy slacks and a sports jacket, Ford looks surprisingly ordinary for an actor who has starred in five of the 10 most successful films of all time. A no-nonsense family man and former carpenter, he lives in rural Wyoming and claims that wealth has not generated him the same simple pleasures.

"Money is really only important if you don't have any," he said. "I don't have a room where I go like Uncle Scrooge and roll around in it."

However, in his life, Ford has tried to avoid typecasting. "I always look for parts that contrast with whatever I've led done," he said. "I've wanted to do an almost comedy, but I've never seen one with enough action or humor that I want to avoid the energy." He said that he appreciated the fact that *Working Girl* presents a positive portrait of women, covering Hollywood's usual stereotypes so effectively that when he first read the script he realized that his role would be "the girl's part." In most movies, "Gloria Maloney was a terrible idea, a really stupid idea for me," he said. "She's a really sophisticated talent. It's very hard to withhold sympathy from Maloney."

**Making it.** It was Nichols who engineered the intriguing chemistry of *Working Girl*'s casting. While making Griffith to stardom, he tapped with the reputations of her costars. Mocking the overwhelming image of Indiana Jones, he made the scar on Ford's chin the object of a plot. "Some guy pulled a knife in Detroit," Jack tells Tess, then sheepishly admits that he fell and banged his jaw on the toilet. In fact, the scar got the scar in a moment by driving into a telephone pole while trying to locate the real left in his (Nichols') Meanwhile, when Weaver read the script, she said that she was horrified to see that both Tess and Jack, on separate occasions, accuse her character of having "a boy on top." Said Weaver: "I objected to it and my husband objected to it. What really got me to the quick was that Harrison said it as well as Melvin. I said, 'Harrison, if you say it, they'll believe it.' But 'boy on top' stayed in the scene. And, in defiance of Hollywood's conventional mores, comedy triumphed over vanity."

BRIAN D. JOHNSON is in New York City

## MAGNET'S BEST-SELLING LIST

### FICTION

- 1 *Gett's Bye, Ahmed* (7)
- 2 *The Sign of the Cross, Dore* (2)
- 3 *The Edge, Fennell* (7)
- 4 *Secrets of Time, Jellison* (5)
- 5 *The General of the Republic, Cleary* (4)
- 6 *Jeopardy, Markham*
- 7 *The House of the Dead, Latham* (6)
- 8 *A Wild Old Man on the Road, Colquhoun* (2)

- 9 *Isidore, Isidore* (1), *Mich* (1)
- 10 *Corvino, Corvino* (2)

### NONFICTION

- 1 *The Arctic Circle, Dore* (7)
- 2 *He Goes to the Mountains, White* (3)
- 3 *Centipede, Fennell* (2)
- 4 *The Book of the Dead, Dore* (4)
- 5 *The Private Wars, Corvino*
- 6 *See Her, A Personal Confession, Fennell* (2)
- 7 *A Brief History of Time, Hawking* (3)
- 8 *Season in Time, Dore and Giger* (4)
- 9 *Gett's Bye, Ahmed* (7)
- 10 *Spells of Power, Jellison* (5)

Compiled by Sandra McGrayer

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# Wait four days, then arise

BY ALLAN ROTHERINGHAM

It was Maylene Nichols, the celebrated Ottawa columnist, who first asked her sister in Victoria, who packed out about a year ago that she was tired of people making fun of Bill Vander Slap, the anti-secular who masquerades as leader of British Columbia. She said that Willie Woodes' forces in fact plays a very important role in nation-building informed sources, also relied on us, told her that at federal-provincial conferences on March Lake he explains the default parts to Don Gatty.

This is undoubtedly true, given the latest mental insecurities of the best man of Lofeland. Only in British Columbia, as someone has pointed out, could the premier live in a theme park. The Zoo, from his arrival in Fantasy Gardens, the pretty tourist attraction on the outskirts of Vancouver where his wife keeps herdsheads and he tends the till, has given a videotaped speech to the U.S.-based Campus Crusade for Christ, in which he avowed Jesus Christ did not have a bit from the University of British Columbia.

This is a major scoop, heretofore unknown to theologians and the UBC also under fund-raising squad. "Christ didn't have an easy way," the premier explained to the video cameras, which were as kind as to slip off his vest to a 1,200 churches in the province. "He was tortured and ridiculed. He never had a University of British Columbia education. He would have been low in the polls."

This is good stuff, material that both academics and politicians should chew over. Vander Slap, who explained later that of course he wasn't competing his own personage to Christ, has never been contaminated by any university education himself, being one who didn't have so easy way and is always being treated and ridiculed by those who goint to be inherited a prosperous nursery business from his father.

Never mind. This revelation that Jesus was never spoiled by a university education or trying out for a spot on the UBC Thunderbolt baseball team is a breakthrough. It sets the antiquated slush in all sorts of ways. Would Jesus, given his choice, have opted for the illustrious Bates, or



Bates Upsher? Could he have mastered the secret handshake that separates the first sons from the rest of students? Could he have won a Big Black sweater for track—as John Turner did—or would he have chosen basketball? Would Jesus join the university skydiving club? Would he like the currently popular unisex downs, as a quiet guest outside the university gates, full of bullfighter pants and tapes by Dylan and Jon Mitchell?

Vander Slap, who wears his Christianity on his sleeve, is also good on reminding us that Jesus would have been no great shakes on the Gollip. He would have bumbled at the polls, even on his best days. One can just see God calling him in, the figures just in from Angus Reid, and saying, "Jesus, you're no Bates. Jesus, I know Adam well. I worked with Nihil Jesus, you're no Mohammed."

Portrait Painter, one sees it all clearly now, would have Jesus in on the raft, having over

the piling just in from Marty Goldfish. "Jesus, God damn it, the numbers show us that the loaves and fishes eater was highly overrated. The walking on water bit didn't fly. And the virgin birth thing never took off. Woulda got to see about free trade!"

The premier, though he will be criticized, will have a lot of backers. These handful of history, who know, through their research, that Jesus never went to UBC, will undoubtedly point out that Winston Churchill never enrolled at the Point Grey campus in Vancouver. That Albert Schweitzer made it through life without doing the old asbestos hat for the blue-and-gold That Albert Einstein, hard as it is to believe, never went to one security sock bag at the place that is the administrator of Turner, Saini Boney and three Paternington children.

Jesus on the cross, winning middle sheep? Raising a nation tall? Swallowing goldfish? No. It wouldn't be right. The premier—who once answered criticism that he is all style and no substance by saying, "Style is substance"—is entirely correct in advising us that Christ would not have fit into a campus where the engineering students every year and parents a asked Lady Godiva on a white horse. What would he do with the athletes classes? Jesus, the Vander Slap, was sent to senior class of the UBC campus, always the faculty club has the finest wine cellar in Canada and the nation's most famous nude exhibition area. Wreck British, is just below the cliffs and right minutes from the lecture hall that teaches the principles of Mrs. Douglas, the British girl who converted the necessary theories of Second Canada.

The premier, tortured and ridiculed because he's two-way cabinet ministers thought he was a screwball and resigned, will get a lot of backing from those who believe that Jesus probably wouldn't have been remembered today if he had made the mistake of enrolling at UBC. He will get a lot of support from the growing body of opinion that if Jesus had been at the mercy of the Gollip and Angus Reid and Marty Goldfish, he probably would have been advised to wait four days before they rolled back the stone at Easter because that's what the real polls indicated would sell in the marketplace.

The Zoo is undoubtedly correct. Don't put too much faith in a university education. Don't place too much faith in polls. It worked for Jesus. Surely it must work for the premier. And, above all, don't place too much value in mockery. It's a highly esteemed virtue.



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